

COATES & Co's.
ORIGINAL
Plymouth
Gin
It and always has
been absolutely
DRY
and is eminently
suitable for
COCKTAILS.



Sole Agents:—
CALDECK, MACGREGOR & CO., LTD.
The leading Wine & Spirit Merchants in the Far East
PRINCE'S BUILDING. TELEPHONE 2 075.



*Baby is safe
with*

WOODWARD'S

For seventy-five years, Woodward's Gripe Water has brought comfort and healthy digestion to babies. It is the safe and sure remedy for all stomach and teething disorders; stop baby's crying by removing the cause. Contains no opiates, and is perfectly safe even for newborn babies.

WOODWARD'S
GRIPE WATER
keeps baby well



Sole Agents:—W. R. LOXLEY & CO. (CHINA), LTD.

I look forward
to my Daily
BOVRIL

Your first appetising cup of Bovril gives you real invigoration; you feel it while you are drinking. When you take daily Bovril you find that this regular invigoration is raising the whole tone of your health—giving strength and energy, and, should infection threaten, a more active resistance to disease. Build up your strength with daily Bovril.



BOVRIL

USE OUR SPECIAL
AEROMAIL
LETTER, PAPER & ENVELOPES
AND
PAY LESS ON POSTAGE

Letter Paper ... \$1.00 per 100 Sheets
Envelopes ... \$1.75 per 100

ON SALE AT
HONGKONG DAILY PRESS
11, Ice House Street. Telephone 30251.

CHINA'S FOREIGN TRADE

How It Can Be Advanced

(Continued from Yesterday)

While on this subject of food-stuffs, it may be well to mention the prospects in soybean milk. This is another of the many products which China has given to the world, yet it has taken peoples from abroad to discover ways and means of making the milk palatable, sanitary, fully nutritious, and transportable. A soybean milk can now be produced so as to contain all the ingredients of cow's milk and at probably one fifth the cost. It offers prospects for the development of a big industry in China, later to command an important place in the country's foreign trade. This is a subject which may very advantageously receive the attention of one of China's many research bureaus, provided it is considered from its practical rather than theoretical aspects.

China has in bamboo a product with excellent potentialities. It would be interesting to know in how many ways and in how many varied forms bamboo is being used in China. It will be even more interesting to know in what additional forms and ways bamboo may be made to serve the economic life of the Chinese people. The Occident produces practically no bamboo. It is a product so well known to the Chinese people that they have a distinct advantage in setting out to capitalize its potentialities.

Unfortunately there seems to be among modern educated Chinese an aversion toward devoting thought and time to distinctly domestic products. It is conceivable that bamboo objects and bamboo wares could be sold in greatly increased quantities among the peoples in those sections of the country which do not produce bamboo. Undoubtedly China's biggest market for the extension of its trade in bamboo materials is right here in this country. However, there are also excellent prospects for the increased exports of bamboo wares. As for bamboo furniture, if designs were accommodated to the requirements of Occidental peoples, there should be excellent prospects in this field. In bamboo shoots, put up in tins, this country could offer the world a very delectable food product at low costs. However, recipes for their use should be popularized among Occidental communities. South China communities would do well to encourage the holding of annual bamboo wares fairs, with special prize awards for the best products displayed and special incentives to the invention of new methods of using bamboo.

It is hard to understand why China should be one of the few civilized countries almost devoid of dolls. Surely, among a people with the family system so long and well defined, with the age-old tradition that every girl must become a mother and with so much attention given to children, it would seem that the doll would have developed as an indispensable toy for the girlhood of the nation. Furthermore, chinaware which figures so prominently in the production of the heads of Occidental dolls, is a Chinese invention. However, in order to introduce dolls into China, the start must be made with the upper and wealthier classes. This means that a superior native product must be produced.

In regard to China's handicraft industries, these present a distinctly alluring field for domestic and foreign trade. No other country on the face of the earth today offers a greater variety and finer workmanship in the objects of handicraft art than does China. It is distinctly to the advantage of the leaders in the political and economic life of their country that every possible effort be made to tide over with as little economic disruption as possible the transition from a nation of handicraft industries to a modern industrial society. The handicraft industries are to a considerable extent closely identified with the village, which represents the backbone of Chinese society.

It is to-day, importing more chinaware than it is exporting, i.e., the demands for Chinese chinaware of good quality are greater than the supplies. It is true, attempts are being made in several places in this country to revive the ceramic industries, but these are isolated and not in any sense commensurate with the opportunities presented. This is indeed a distinctly fertile subject for the

hours of research bureaus, but it will be entirely futile for such an institution to concern itself with the academic rather than with the practical aspects of this subject.

Mr. Z. L. Chang, who represented the Chinese exhibitors at the Century of Progress Exposition at Chicago last year, stated that an American, presumably a buyer for one of the chain-stores, was so favourably impressed with the Foochow lacquer cigarette cases on exhibition there that he wished to place an order for several hundred thousand with prospects of repeat orders later. This trade opportunity was cabled to Foochow, but the lacquer industry there was unable to make arrangements to accept the order, in spite of the fact that it is becoming the depression which has hit its business badly. It would seem that a bit of enterprise on the part of leaders about Foochow might have led to the perfecting of arrangements whereby an order of this sort might not only be accepted but executed in such a manner as to lead to still larger repeat orders.

Tourist visitors to Shanghai and other cities in China almost without exception become deeply interested in the products of this country's handicraft artisans. These commodities represent articles which cannot, at least in the shape and character as produced in China, be obtained elsewhere. Efforts should be made to facilitate the tourist contacting with establishments making and selling these products. For instance, in Shanghai, it would be very helpful if the big Chinese department stores, each set aside one floor for the display and sales of the products of handicraft artisans. Carved ivories, carved woods, lacquered wares, cloisonne wares, bamboo wares, embroidered silks, tapestries, Chinese furniture, brassware, bronzes, paintings, brocades, jade and silver wares, jewellery, porcelains and chinaware, beads, baskets, clay figures and lanterns would make a wonderful assortment for a display of the labours of handicraft artisans.

Brief mention was made above to the tourist trade. China continues to overlook a big opportunity in the advancement of its foreign commerce by failing to do more to encourage the tourist trade. Aside from the money the tourists bring to the country and spend here, they are very effective advertising agents for the commodities they purchase and for the places visited. This applies especially to American women tourists as each one of them who visits China devotes more than half of her time to shopping. These tourists would spend enough money and give the country and its products such effective advertising as to make the venture worth what it costs. In all events even though this proposal of financing such a project be not feasible, thousands of American tourists could be attracted to China if special efforts were made to induce them to come, especially now, because of the fact that Europe no longer holds the charms for American tourists it formerly did. In all events there should be organized at Shanghai without further delay a very strong and active tourist association to promote the whole industry of tourism, and thereby bring tens of millions of dollars to this country through the medium of the tourist. This association, to be successful, should comprise not only representatives or organizations which will benefit directly by increased tourist trade, but also public spirited individuals who can contribute ideas and suggestions helpful to the advancement of tourism in China.

The Minister of Industry, His Excellency, Chen Kun-yu, very wisely advises that improvements in industrial developments in China should go hand in hand with the betterment of its agricultural life. He suggests that the motto of present day China should be the consolidation of the country through agriculture and light industries. In the past, China exports have consisted almost entirely of raw materials or semi-manufactured products. Any considerable expansion in the country's exports of manufactured commodities will have to await a greater measure of advancement of modern manufacturing in China. No country possesses more marvellous assets in its wealth of industries and capable man power and

in rich stores of natural resources than does China. On the other hand, there are very few countries that are more backward in a modern economic sense than in China. The advantages which China possesses in its plentiful industrial man power and its great natural resources are sadly discounted by lack of economic transportation by exorbitant and irregular tax impositions, by lack of a system of most accounting in industrial enterprises and by the pressure of the family system in over-staffing offices and industrial plants.

One of the very effective and economical ways of stimulating the advancement of modern industry is by encouraging the installation of branch factories of foreign concerns and the investments of foreign capital in manufacturing enterprises in this country. The well operated foreign factory in China not only employs native labour and uses much of domestic products but it also serves as a very helpful medium of education for the people of this country.

If foreign capital is to be attracted to China in manufacturing enterprises, discriminations against the products of these plants must be removed. At present the products of most foreign factories are not accorded the so-called preferential factory treatment in exemptions from coastwise duties when these products are shipped into the interior.

In this dissertation on China's foreign and domestic trade, comparatively few commodities and industries have been mentioned. It would be necessary to compile a volume were one to attempt to cover its potentialities with all commodities and industries. It is hoped however, that a sufficient number of instances have been cited and sufficient concrete material presented to suggest the larger field of possibilities in modern developments in trade and industry in this country. It seems strange that China should have a Bureau of Foreign Trade and not a Bureau of Domestic Trade. In America, domestic trade is considered of such significance that it is linked with foreign trade in a Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Trade. It would seem that it may help the situation in China were its Bureau of Foreign Trade to incorporate a well organized division of domestic trade.

Thus, if China would tackle the problem of advancing its foreign commerce, it must begin with selling its domestic trade house in order. In other words, foreign trade begins with domestic trade and will not flourish while domestic trade is in an unhealthy condition. China with an area as great as that of Europe, is so vast, its population is so great and its undeveloped resources are so extensive that its greater potentialities in commerce and industry rest with the building up of a well ordered and smoothly operating domestic trade. However, as domestic economic conditions improve, it will be found that its foreign commerce will become correspondingly more satisfactory as it will then be made to supplement or complement a domestic trade and industry built upon sound and solid foundations.

It is not intended to imply by what has been stated above that the Chinese people are not already doing much toward the improvement of their domestic conditions. The members of the American Economic Mission, which recently visited China, expressed themselves as astounded by the remarkable progress noted in highway improvements, in railway construction, in aviation developments in the reconstruction of scores of Chinese cities and in civic betterments. The country's educational system has during the past few decades been completely revolutionized. Numerous scientific research bureaux have sprung up in different sections of the country. In the assembling and compilation of data concerning economic conditions, in the publication of numerous magazines, journals, and books dealing with the nation's economic problems, we find the China of today very active in its efforts to prepare for the China of tomorrow. The development of an economic consciousness generally among leaders in the central provincial and local governments make for a promising picture for the future.

Bodily Power Mental Strength



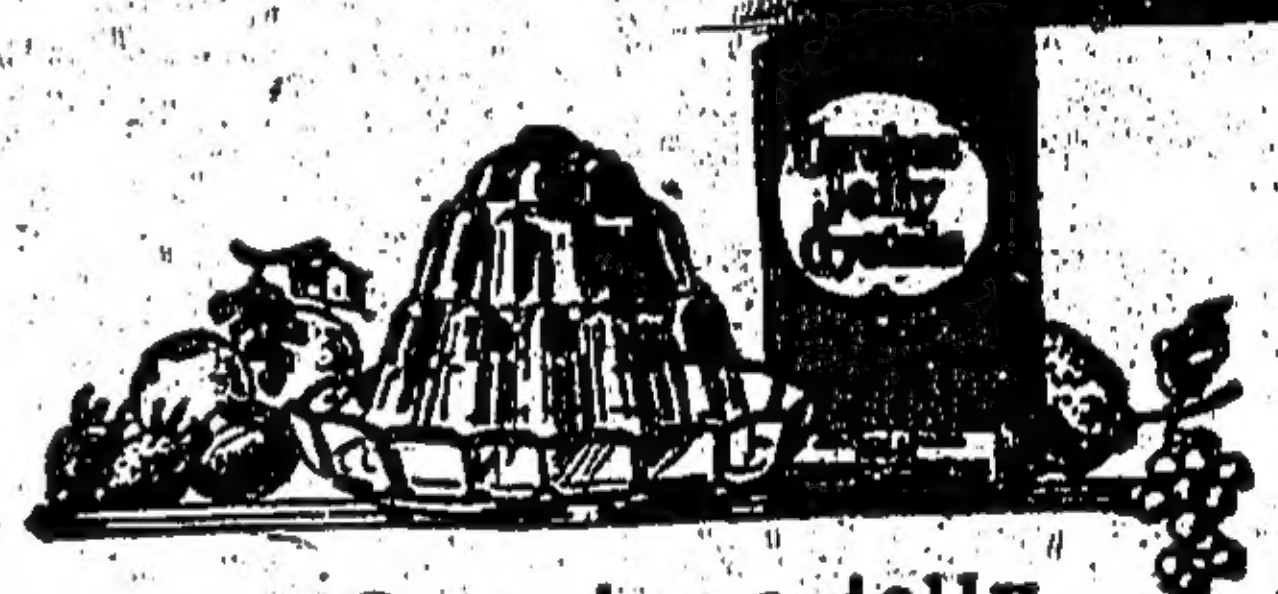
**They are here in
SANATOGEN**

The nervous system must be vigorous, otherwise not only the body suffers but will-power and mental capacity are seriously affected as well. Invigorate your nervous system by taking Sanatogen. In so doing, you will both strengthen your body and improve the power of your mind. Sanatogen will increase your vitality and tone up your nervous system. It will make you feel brighter, fresher and keener all through the day, because it provides the body with nature's own building materials—organic phosphorus and proteid.

Thousands have known the benefits of Sanatogen. Bodily strength and mental alertness are also within your reach. Start taking Sanatogen to-day—then you will soon observe an extraordinary improvement in your health. Once more you will know the thrill that radiant health and powerful ability can bring.

SANATOGEN
The True Food

Obtainable at all Chemists and Grocers



To make a jelly
Tasty and tempting
that will set quickly in
any climate, that will be
sure to please your
guests, use—

Cerebos
Jelly Crystals

Agents: John D. Matheson & Co., Ltd. 43, Hong Kong



Good Printing
will get your
Sales Message
across faster—
in a way that it will stick!

Phone or Write direct to—

HONGKONG DAILY PRESS
Specializes in Printing

Scientific Journals, Missionaries' Tracts and Reviews.
All kinds of JOB printing,
Book-binding and Stationery
undertaken
At Moderate Prices.

Please call at the Printer's Office at 11, Ice House Street (Tel. 30251) and not the Middleman for Estimates.

PREMISES TO LET

PEAR MANSIONS:
5-roomed flats,
6-roomed flats.

PRINCE EDWARD ROAD DISTRICT.

1-4 roomed flats,
4-8 roomed residences.

CAMBAY BUILDINGS:
2 & 3-roomed flats.

CHEUNG SHA WAN:
1-3 roomed flats.

KOWLOON CITY:
1-roomed flats.

APPLY:

CREDIT FONCIER D'EXTREME ORIENT

FRENCH BANK BLDG.,
5, Queen's Road, Central.
Phone: 21083.

PREMISES TO LET.

GODOWNS TO LET.—One large concrete 2-story godown, floor space about 14,000 sq. ft., at No. 290, Hennessy Road. Two large godowns each about 8,000 sq. ft. at present occupying by British American Tobacco Co. Occupation from 1st Jan. 1936. Two large godowns each about 3,000 sq. ft. in King Wing Road, Causeway Bay, opposite Meiers Butterfield & Swire's Coal Godown. Apply:—Kwong Sang Hong Ltd., G. P. O. Box No. 320. (3734)

THE NATIONAL MUTUAL LIFE ASSOCIATION OF AUSTRALASIA, LTD.

Hong Kong Office: 6, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, 5th Floor. Tel. 27473.
The non-forfeiture Office, 39, Shareholders' All Funds belong to members. Greatest Security. Insurance \$25,000,000. Funds \$20,000,000. Best investment. Large Bonuses every year. Invest now and secure a full year's bonus for 1935 as at September 30th.

FLATS TO LET

TO LET—FLAT No. 4 "TICIA MANSION" 16, Macdonnell Road, partly furnished or unfurnished. Apply: XAVIER BROS., LTD. Tel. 27734 or 23218. (3883)

SMALL CONVENIENT FLAT.—Mid-Level. Apply J. E. JOSEPH, Property Dept., Prince's Building, Tel. No. 20810. (1003)

ABGYLL

MORRISON HILL ROAD
HAPPY VALLEY

SINGLE, Double & Suites of Rooms. Modern Sanitation, Convenient for Train and Bus. Special Rates on Application. Garage and Parking Space. Under the Personal Supervision of Mrs. J. RUSSELL. Telephone 23849.

The Most Comprehensive Survey Yet Compiled of
Reconstructional Progress in Modern China

RECONSTRUCTION IN CHINA

EDITED BY TANG LEANG-LI

CONTENTS

- | | |
|------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| Chap. I—Political Rehabilitation. | X—Railway Development. |
| II—Aims and Machinery of Reconstruction. | XI—Road Construction. |
| III—Industrialization. | XII—Commercial Aviation. |
| IV—Educational Reform. | XIII—Mercantile Marine. |
| V—Athletic Progress. | XIV—Posts, Telegraphs, and Telephones. |
| VI—Public Health and Social Relief. | XV—Rural Rehabilitation. |
| VII—Cultural Reconstruction. | XVI—Town-Planning and Municipal Development. |
| VIII—The Law and Its Enforcement. | XVII—National Defence. |
| IX—The Banking System. | XVIII—Miscellaneous Progress. |

Royal 8vo.—440 pages.—Cloth Cover
With 130 pages of Half-Tone Illustrations and 3 Maps
Price: In China \$15 (postage 50 cents)
Abroad \$21.00 (post free)

(PER-PUBLICATION ORDERS RECEIVED AT \$12 & G.30)

READY ON JULY 30th

Orders received at:

THE HONG KONG DAILY PRESS OFFICE

Publishers:

CHINA UNITED PRESS
299 SEZUEN ROAD, SHANGHAI

Courtesy, Comfort, Service
and Luxuries of Modern Hotel

Construction

THE HOTEL RIVIERA MACAU

Cable Address—"Riviera, Macau."

PRE-PAID ADVERTISEMENTS.

The following classes of advertisements are charged at the price given below:

- | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| SITUATIONS VACANT. | HOUSES AND APARTMENTS TO BE LET |
| HOUSES AND APARTMENTS WANTED. | MISCELLANEOUS WANTS |

When so required replies to box numbers will be posted to advertisers daily. Extra stamps for postage should be remitted.
All advertisements must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender.

Announcements not exceeding 25 Words are inserted under this heading at a Pre-paid Rate of One Dollar for THREE INSERTIONS. If Charges collected, \$1.50.

THIS FORM MAY BE USED.

Address—The ADVERTISEMENT MANAGER, "Hongkong Daily Press,"
11, Lee House Street, or P.O. Box 1

HOUSES TO LET.

PRINCE VILLAS.—Folkham. Immediate occupation. Charming Modern Residence at Moderate Rental. Fine Views. Children's Playground. Sea-Bathing. Frequent Bus Service. Garage. Apply F. A. Joseph, Property Office, Tel. No. 20910.

TO LET.—Flat No. 3 "Kallist House", 193, The Peak. Four Rooms. Flush System. Separate Kitchen. Servants' Quarters. All Modern Conveniences. Apply DEACONS, Prince's Building. (1001)

A. TACK & CO.

PHOTO SUPPLY HOUSE

50 Years' in the Service of

PHOTOGRAPHY

Developing, Printing & Enlarging

ONE DAY SERVICE.

29 Des Voeux Road, Central.

FOR SALE.

A Selection of the best varieties of
Reliable and Tested
FLOWER AND VEGETABLE
SEEDS

from
Messrs. Sutton & Sons, Reading,
and
Messrs. Arthur Yates & Co., Ltd., Sydney

The opportunity of serving you will be a pleasure and your commands will have our best attention.

GRACA & CO.

No. 16 WYNDHAM STREET,
R.O. Box No. 622, HONG KONG.
Established 1896.

PUBLIC AUCTION

THE Undersigned have received Instructions

To Sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION

ON

SATURDAY,
AUGUST 31, 1935

COMMENCING AT 10.30 A.M.

At No. 403, THE PEAK

A QUANTITY OF
VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD
FURNITURE

ON VIEW FROM FRIDAY,

THE 30th AUGUST, 1935.

TERMS.—CASH ON DELIVERY.

LAMMERT BROS.,

AUCTIONEERS.

**THE WANT AD
SAVE YOU
TIME**

CHATTERS FORM HOME

(Special Air Mail Service)

London, Aug. 8.

What with lack of wind and the King's decision not to enter his yacht in the King's Cup—in order not to blanket the other competitors—Britannia has not had a great deal to do during the Cowes Regatta, writes a correspondent.

This can be little to the taste of Sir Philip Hunkle, the sailing master of the King's racing yacht. Apart from the natural dislike of a great racing helmsman for enforced inactivity, too much of it may lead him into serious financial loss—that of half a crown.

TURF'S LONG LEAD

For many years he had a bet with the late Major Featherstonhaugh, the King's racing manager, that he would provide the King with more victories in yacht racing than Major Featherstonhaugh could achieve on the turf.

When Brigadier Tomlinson took over the King's racing stables he took over the bet too.

So far the score is: Sir Philip Hunkle, 0 wins; Brigadier Tomlinson, 6 wins.

THE PLANETS' FAVOUR

I do not know what the astrologers are saying about Abyssinia; but I have been sent a curious document relative to the destinies of Italy.

It is a microscope drawn for King Victor Emmanuel and published in Calcutta on the day of his accession.

It claims that he was born (Nov. 11, 1869) under the best auspices.

Victor Emmanuel will be a true statesman, a man of energy and power. In his reign Italy will acquire a new splendour, will enlarge her territory and increase her political influence. His Majesty will live long, and our descendants will see his Golden Jubilee in 1950.

Up to the present, this prophecy is not far off the mark. Under Victor Emmanuel Italy has won Libya, Trieste and the South Tyrol, not to speak of tracts of territory ceded by Britain and France in Somaliland and the Sahara.

PRINCE'S OLD PLANE—

The aeroplane which the Air Ministry has acquired from the Prince of Wales to be converted into a "flying laboratory" is his "Vlastra" monoplane, which he had specially built for him four years ago.

Its acquisition marked the time when the aeroplane became a normal method of travel for the Prince. He had found it necessary to have a plane in which he could make change of dress—a feat, at least difficult in his previous Puss Moth.

The "Vlastra" has cabin accommodation for 12, and thus the Prince was able to travel with members of his suite. It has a cruising speed of about 135 m.p.h., with a maximum of 155 m.p.h.

—AND HIS NEW

This year the Prince acquired a De Havilland "Dragon Rapide." It has a "caterpillar" on board in addition to its other accommodation for long-distance travel.

At one time the Prince had five planes in his hangars at Fort Belvedere and at Heston, for it was discovered that the Fort hangars were inadequate to house the bigger plane.

In the same way Smith's Lawn proved too small for the bigger planes to take off or alight, and thus the Prince, more often than not, makes Heston his starting-point for a journey.

NOT SO LURID

Dr. C. R. Haines, who has just died, was one of those classical scholars whose work is known only to the few.

Yet he was a man of strong sympathies whose heroes belonged to many different ages. They included St. Louis of France, King Alfred, General Gordon and Marcus Aurelius.

His translation of that Emperor's "Meditations" in the Loeb Classics is an admitted masterpiece.

He told me a year or two ago that he had long been planning a life of Marcus, though he doubted whether he would ever write it.

He managed, however, to rehabilitate the much blackened reputation of the Emperor's wife, Faustina.

Swinburne's poem to Faustine, which shocked the Victorians, loses its glamour after one has read Dr. Haines' calm survey of the evidence indicating that Faustina was on the whole a good wife and mother.

NO CELTIC GRAN CHACO

This is the time of year for Druids. Bardic festivals are the rule not only in Wales but also in Brittany.

Near Quimperle recently two Arch-Druids, Taldir for the Bretons and Gren O'hlan for the Gauls, officiated at a well-attended Gorsedd.

After the manner of the Welsh Eisteddfod, they asked the crowd whether there was peace among the Celtic nations, and the response, "Fenthao," was given—
"There is peace."

Then the Arch-Druids reunited the severed sections of the swords of Brittany and Great Britain.

In the past the Celtic peoples were not altogether peaceful. Now, at any rate, the League of Nations is hardly likely to have to intervene in a dispute between Wales and Brittany.

"REGULARISING" THE JEWS

I understand that the outbreaks of Jew-baiting in Germany—unrelated and sporadic as they appear—are the prelude to legislation regularising the "inferior" position of the Jews.

It must be realised that no outbreak of violence and no political activity can take place without the knowledge of the Gestapo—the vigilant secret police.

Jew-baiting therefore has official origins, however humble. Its object is to drive home to the German people the Nazi theory that the Jews have a status in Germany different from and lower than Aryans.

The new legislation to govern the position of the Jews is likely to be promulgated in the autumn. It will deal with their economic rather than their social and political status. The Jews have long since lost the right to vote.

THEY ONCE SACKED

STREICHER

Herr Julius Streicher, the most notorious of anti-Semites who has had all non-Aryan guests expelled from Bad Teich in Bavaria, was an elementary school teacher at the Scharf School in Muremberg.

He was one of the earliest members of the Nazi party and owes his continued influence—as do so many other Nazi leaders—to Herr Hitler's reluctance to discard old friends.

He lost his school teacher's job because of his political views. Those who were responsible for his dismissal have long ago disappeared into concentration camps.

NOT TRUE TO TYPE

The match at Canterbury between Goddard and C. S. Marriott was not true to type in one respect.

Single-wicket matches in the days when Lord's pavilion stood where Dorset-square is now were played in anything but the cricketing spirit.

As much as £500 was staked on a game, and dirty work by backers and certain pros was the order of the day.

The bribing of players to lose became a scandal, "one fine old man"—I quote Beldham—admitting that "the temptation was too great for any poor man to be exposed to."

Corruption reached a pleasing climax when both sides in one match played so hard to lose that only by accident was a straight ball bowled. Then it was invariably fatal.

CLASSIC MATCH

A classic match was that in which Mr. Budd played Mr. Braund.

The former received so many blows on the legs—"nankin knees" and silk stockings and no pads in those days—that he knocked his own wicket down in each innings to avoid being maimed. Still he won by 100 runs to nothing.

Even the amateurs were not above reproach. When Lord Frederick Beauclerk and Howard met Mr. Osbaldestone and Lambert, Osbaldestone fell ill. "Play or pay" was Lord Frederick's answer when asked to agree to a postponement.

Lambert, in consequence, played both and won by 80 to 66—thanks to a little strategy.

Wides not counting in those days, he bowled them continuously till Lord Frederick lost his wicket, and then "batted" from happening with a serious injury.

STILL IN THREE OLD HOME

It was a "pious" intention to open the new League of Nations

CHINA'S TRADE

(Continued from Page 2)

However, in spite of all of these evidence of marvellous progress toward modernisation, I believe thinking Chinese will agree that the country still suffers badly for want of a larger measure of co-ordination among the various agencies working along constructive lines. There is still in evidence an unduly academic attitude toward economic problems a sort of hang-over from the centuries of high regard for the classical literary essay of the civil service examination, as reflected in the present tendency to be content with paper plans for improvements in trade and industry rather than to think and see these proposals through to a successful consummation.

The canny Scotch-American industrialist, Mr. Andrew Carnegie, was once asked what he attributed his phenomenal success in the accumulation of a vast fortune. He replied, "to my ability in knowing how to use other people's brains." Now that so many of the citizens of the Chinese Republic have received the advantages of a modern education and contacts with Occidental societies, it would seem that China is to-day in a better position than ever before to exercise a nice sense of discrimination in taking from without that measure of assistance which should be most conducive to the country's greatest advancement. In all events it would be unfortunate indeed if the Chinese people do not draw heavily upon the experiences and capital of other peoples, so long as in so doing they refrain from jeopardizing the political future of their country. Certainly, foreign nations should all view with favour anything conducive to the enhancement of the economic levels of the great masses in this wonderful country, for the greater China's economic advancement, the more important should it become in international trade, hence the greater its opportunities for the mutual interchange of commodities in its relations with other nations.

Work on the interior has taken longer than was expected, and so next month's critical meetings will have to be held in the old building.

M. Litvinoff will be in the chair when the Council meets on Sept. 4 to hear the outcome of the negotiations about Abyssinia, since it is a continuation of last week's meeting.

The next Council President will be Mr. Stanley Bruce, the Australian Minister in London. He will open the Assembly on Sept. 9. It will be his first time in the chair at Geneva.

£10 JUBILEE STAMP ERROR

One of the rare errors in a British stamp issue has come to light—oddly enough, through the protests of indignant collectors.

Buyers of sets of Morocco Agence Silver Jubilee stamps have been annoyed to find included what they took to be a 10-centimes French Zone issue, instead of the Spanish 10-centimes.

Dealers, assailed by their clients, looked over complete sheets of the 10-centimes issued and discovered in a number of them a single stamp inscribed "10 Centimes."

When the sheets were torn up, the Spanish error was not to be distinguished from the normal French stamp.

The error occurred only in a small printing. Many dealers must be deeply regretful that they tore up these sheets for the purpose of completing sets.

The error, joined to a correctly over-printed stamp, is selling at £10, though the postal value is only 1d.

CITY CROWNS

My note on the Girdlers' Company ceremony, has brought a reminder that this is not the only City guild which "crowns" its officers.

The Barber-Surgeons at their hall in Monkwell-street have four ancient "headpieces" known as "garlands." Actually they are velvet caps, silver mounted.

These are worn by the Master and Wardens on election day which occurs in August.

They date back to the year 1623 and the custom of City "crowning" is no doubt centuries older than Charles I.

LAMMERTS AUCTIONS

BY ORDER OF THE OWNERS

THE Undersigned, LAMMERT BROS., Auctioneers, will Sell

PUBLIC AUCTION

ON
WEDNESDAY, THE 28th DAY OF AUGUST, 1935

At 3 O'CLOCK IN THE AFTERNOON

At No. 10, NORTH STREET

The 7 Chinese Houses on Inland Lots No. 2436 to 2442 known as Nos. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, and 14, North Street.

For Further Particulars apply to the Undersigned.

LAMMERT BROS., AUCTIONEERS.

PUBLIC AUCTION

THE Undersigned have received Instructions

To Sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION

ON

THURSDAY,
AUG. 29, 1935

COMMENCING AT 2.30 P.M.

At THEIR SALES ROOM,
No. 4, DUDDELL STREET

A QUANTITY OF
VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD
FURNITURE

Consisting—

Bed Room and Dining Room Furniture, Chest-drawers, Office Furniture, Electric Fans and Table Lamps, Ornaments, Carpets & Rugs, Clocks, Gramophones and Records, Pictures, E. P. & Brass Ware, Hand Sewing Machines, Glass and Porcelain Ware, Ice Chest, Linen, Typewriters, etc., etc.

also

A SELECTION OF BLACK
WOOD FURNITURE

and

One "G. E." Electric Refrigerator.

ON VIEW FROM WEDNESDAY,
THE 28th AUGUST, 1935.

TERMS.—CASH ON DELIVERY.

LAMMERT BROS., AUCTIONEERS.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received Instructions

To Sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION

ON

FRIDAY, AUGUST 30, 1935

COMMENCING AT 10.30 A.M.

At No. 36, HANKEW ROAD,
1st FLOOR, KOWLOON

A QUANTITY OF
VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD
FURNITURE

ON VIEW FROM THURSDAY,
THE 29th AUGUST, 1935.

TERMS.—CASH ON DELIVERY.

LAMMERT BROS., AUCTIONEERS.

TALKING PICTURES

And Some Of The Technical Developments

When the Technicians Branch of the Academy of Motion Pictures Arts and Sciences meets next year to make the award for the greatest technical development in talking pictures, a larger group of outstanding inventions and improvements will be considered than ever before.

The past year in the picture industry has been marked by a rapid succession of outstanding engineering improvements, covering sound, cameras, laboratory methods and mechanical devices for obtaining unique pictorial effects.

One of the newest and most revolutionary was recently disclosed before the Society of Motion Picture Engineers in Hollywood, when Douglas Shearer, director of recording at the Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer studios, presented a paper dealing with a new recording system.

The new method, invented by Shearer and developed under his direction, is the result of six years of work. Adapted to standard films, it immeasurably improves tone, clearness, eliminates surface noise and distortion, and presents sound amazing in its naturalness and capable of a wide range in volume and colouring. Engineers say that because of its adaptability to a wide range, it bids fair to be a primary contender in the race for perfect screen transcription.

AUTOMATIC START-AND-STOP

Another outstanding invention made available to the public is the automatic start-and-stop system for cameras and recording machines, which synchronizes with vastly improved efficiency and consequent saving of time and film. This device, known as the "Iron Horse," was developed by Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer. This same company gave to the industry through the Academy its development of the "split sound track," another saver of film and promoter of efficiency.

Absolutely flickerless pictures were made possible through the system of "turbulation development," perfected by John Nicholas in the studio laboratories and now in use on all the company's films. By overcoming the element of frictional distribution in solutions, the chemical flicker, or last vestige of unsteadiness in film was eliminated. The value of the flickerless development process also vastly improved sound track as to clearness, uniformity and tone colour.

THE CARUSO RECORDS

One of the amazing recording feats of the year was the recording of two songs by the late Enrico Caruso, used in the new picture, "Escapade." The Caruso records, made before the electrical recording process existed, were amplified. The use of modern scientific magic resulted in the most nearly perfect reproduction of the voice of the greatest of singers ever achieved.

The Rotamulator, or mechanical device by which unlimited camera movement is possible, was developed by John Arnold, president of the American Society of Cinematographers, and head of the M-G-M camera department. Salient features of this device, plus those of the camera crane first used in "Grand Hotel," were adapted for other camera devices, the "velocitator," developed by Gregg Toland, an associate of Arnold.

Photometric lights, which were used by Chester Lyons in photographing "dark" effects in "Sequoia," led to an invitation to the cameraman to aid in experiments in making motion pictures of human organs in action as seen by X-ray, the experiments being conducted in a New York hospital. Lyons is now at work on the problem of filming the human lung, in action as reproduced on a fluoroscope, his method of producing screen entertainment thus having been turned to the aid of medical science.

"BROADWAY MELODY"

Intricate Yet Simple Dances

Dave Gould has answered the demands of theatre goers, by creating a dance that is intricate in appearance but simple to master—after seeing it once!

The creator of the popular "Continental" and "Caricosa" dances will present his new masterpiece, "Broadway Rhythm," for the first time in Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's BROADWAY MELODY OF 1935.

Gould declares that his new creation is more sensational than the "Continental" and the "Caricosa," but is twice as easy to learn—and can be used in public dancing places.

"Musical pictures are making people dance-conscious," claims Gould. "Therefore, they want to see screen dances that are simple enough to be learned easily. Yet they want the dances to appear intricate and difficult."

"It took twice as long to create a dance of this type," because of the illusion that must be stressed. In "Broadway Rhythm," the principal is of bringing a spectacular dance down to earth without losing its glamour. The number is simplicity itself, but it is intriguingly intricate to the eye.

"The dance, to be executed by June Knight and Nick Long, Jr., is composed of graceful pivots combined with waltz tap steps, instead of the usual fast tempo taps."

ACROBATIC PHASE

"The acrobatic phase of the number is obtained by having the girl lifted slightly from the floor while doing a series of pivots, with slow, gliding tap steps in between. This keeps the dance from acquiring a purely professional appearance," claims the dance director who has created many dance routines during his career.

Nacio Herb Brown and Arthur Freed wrote the song, "Broadway Rhythm." The composing team, responsible for the hit tunes in the first MELODY, have also written "I've Got a Feeling You're Foolin'," "On a Sunday Afternoon," and "You Are My Lucky Star" for the John W. Considine, Jr. production which Roy del Ruth is directing.

Jack Benny heads the cast, including Una Merkel, Stuart Erwin, Robert Taylor, Eleanor Powell, Frances Langford, Vilma and Rudy Ebsen, Shirley Ross, Harry Stockwell, and Robert Wildhack.

RADIO MANILA

6 p.m.—Manila Conservatory of Music—Students' Recital conducted by Prof. Rodolfo R. Comelo.

6.30 p.m.—Spanish International Period.

6.40 p.m.—English International Period.

6.55 p.m.—Stock quotations, through the courtesy of Swan, Culbertson and Frits.

7 p.m.—Radio Shopper.

7.15 p.m.—Ramon Estrella—"Rincon Espanol," Rafael Artigas, accompanist.

7.25 p.m.—La Insular Cigar and Cigarette Factory—Alres Filipinas—Juan Silos, Jr. and his String Ensemble.

7.45 p.m.—Elisalde y Cia. Programme—Kits Tablante and his College Harmonizers.

8 p.m.—Apo on the Air with the Mystery Singer, sponsored by the Cebu Portland Cement Co.

8.15 p.m.—Child Health talk by Vice-Gov. J. R. Ragsdale Hayden.

8.30 p.m.—Abundio Ibanez in Songs of the Philippines.

8.45 p.m.—Stock Quotations and local market reports.

9 p.m.—The Town Crier presents a quarter-hour of Spanish Melodias.

9.15 p.m.—Social Hour directed by Lily Raquiza.

10 p.m.—Ramon Alberto in Favourite Tunes.

10.15 p.m.—Popular Dance Music.

11 p.m.—Sign off.

and Robert Allen are Miss Moore's three leading men. The supporting cast includes Gaetano Merola, Spring Byington, Luis Alberni, Gavin Gordon, Harry Barris, Olin Howland, Edmund Burns, William Worthington, Thurston Hall and Douglas Dumbrille. Victor Schertzinger, who brought to the screen "One Night of Love," directed. The story, written by Schertzinger, was prepared for the screen by Jo Sverling and Sidney Buchman.

TO-DAY'S RADIO PROGRAMME

Broadcast by Z.B.W. on 355 Metres

12.30 to 2.15 p.m.—European programme.

12.30 p.m.—Recorded music.

1 p.m.—Local time and weather report.

1.15 p.m.—A relay of the Hong Kong Hotel Orchestra.

1.30 p.m.—Reuter Press Bulletins, Rugby Press News, etc.

2.15 p.m.—Close down.

4 to 7 p.m.—Chinese programme.

6 to 6.15 p.m.—Children's Studio Concert.

7 to 11 p.m.—European programme.

7 to 7.25 p.m.—Impressions D'Italie—Suite Pour Orchestre (Charpentier)—Orchestre Symphonique sous la direction de Gustave Charpentier.

7.25 to 7.38 p.m.—Four "Songs without Words" played by Ignaz Friedman (Pianoforte).

1. Lost Happiness (C minor, Op. 38, No. 2) (Mendelssohn).

2. Venetian Gondola Song No. 2 (F sharp minor, Op. 30, No. 6) (Mendelssohn).

3. Lost Illusion (F sharp minor, Op. 87, No. 2) (Mendelssohn).

4. Sadness of Soul (F major, Op. 53, No. 4) (Mendelssohn).

7.38 to 8 p.m.—Mark Weber and His Orchestra Old Vienna (Lanner, arr. Kremser).

Viktor and Her Hussar—Selection (Abraham).

The Flower of Hawaii—Selection (Abraham).

8 p.m.—Local time and weather report.

8.03 to 8.15 p.m.—From the Studio.

No. 1 "A Trip to North China" by D.E.A.

8.15 to 8.20 p.m.—Humorous Monologue—"The Hapence a Foot" by Stanley Holloway.

8.20 to 8.50 p.m.—From the Studio.

Selections by "The Music Makers."

8.50 to 9 p.m.—The B.B.C. Wireless Military Band.

Folk Dances—The Flamborough Sword Dance (arr. Sharp).

Kirkby Malzeard Sword Dance (arr. Sharp).

9 to 9.15 p.m.—A relay of the Davenport News Bulletin (copyright by Reuter).

9.15 to 9.30 p.m.—Variety Items.

Saxophone Solo—Schon Rosmarin—Marcel Mule.

Song—Landerette—Lacienne Boyer (Soprano).

Song—June in January—Leslie Hutchinson.

Instrumental—Ah! the Moon is Here—Ramona and Her Grand Piano.

Instrumental—Rollin' Home—The Eight Piano Symphony.

9.30 to 9.50 p.m.—From the Studio.

"Recent Impressions of Australia and New Zealand" by Mr. William Teeling.

9.50 to 10 p.m.—Three Songs by Jan Klepura (Tenor).

My Song for You, and With all my Heart—From the Film "My Song for You" commencing at the Queen's Theatre to-morrow.

My Heart is Always Calling You.

10 p.m.—Reuter Press Bulletins.

10.05 to 10.15 p.m.—A Relay from Davenport. Ivor Dennis (synopocated Pianist) playing a programme of the latest show and dance hits.

10.15 to 11 p.m.—Dance music.

11 p.m.—Close down.

BERLIN PROGRAMME

9 p.m.—DJQ, DJB Announcement (Germ., Engl.).

German Folk Song.

Programme Forecast (Germ., Engl.).

9.15 p.m.—Woman's Programme.

From the National Socialist Women's Movement.

9.30 p.m.—Short Musical Programme.

9.45 p.m.—News in English on DJQ and in Dutch on DJB.

10 p.m.—"The Nuremberg Doll."

A Song Play by Adam.

Arranged for the Radio by Walter Sieber.

11.15 p.m.—News in German on DJQ and DJB.

11.30 p.m.—Current Events.

11.40 p.m.—Short Musical Programme.

12 midnight—"A German from the Banat on a Trip to the Homeland."

A Talk by Emerich Hauser.

12.15 a.m.—News in English on DJQ and in Dutch on DJB.

12.30 a.m.—Close down DJQ, DJB (Germ., Engl.).

(Continued on Previous Col.)

IN 'EASY-ACCESS' INNER FOIL PACKETS, ALSO IN 'TRU-VAC' '50' TINS.

When we seal the TRU-VAC airtight TINS the FRESHNESS OF CRAVEN 'A' is securely impervious until the seal is broken by pulling the rubber tab—no cutting, no jagged edges.

MADE SPECIALLY TO PREVENT SORE THROATS

DO YOU KNOW THAT:-

Elizabeth Allan's most ardent fans are some of the pupils she taught in the little school of Gkegness, England, long before she even dreamed of becoming an actress.

Donald Woods, now appearing with Ronald Colman in A TALE OF TWO CITIES at Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer, is married to a baroness.

Ben Mendricks and Nat Pendleton, both now at Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer, lived a few miles apart in South America some years ago, but never met until they came to Hollywood.

Jean Arthur, heroine of PUBLIC HERO NUMBER 1, used to be model for Howard Chandler Christy, the artist, and his drawings of her led to her first screen test and a contract.

Paul Kelly, who plays the Secret Service chief in PUBLIC HERO NUMBER 1, was the original "Vitaphone boy" in the old silent one-reelers—a child star before any players had their names on the screen.

C. Aubrey Smith was educated in the Charter House School and Cambridge University in England, where he won fame as a cricket player and toured South Africa and Australia with his championship team.

NO MORE LADIES is Joan Crawford's twenty-fourth picture.

Ronald Colman's father was Charles Colman, widely known silk importer of Great Britain.

Elizabeth Allan, now in A TALE OF TWO CITIES, received her early theatrical training at the famous Old Vic theatre in London.

Jack Dawn, make-up director at the Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer studios, sometimes makes spectroscopic examinations of players' complexions to judge photography or their colouring.

Una Merkel's handsome husband, Ronald Burla, was once a stunt flyer, appearing in early Wallace Beery aviation pictures.

Virginia Bruce's first film was that of lady in waiting in THE LOVE PARADE, co-starring Maurice Chevalier and Jeanette MacDonald.

Nelson Eddy draws cartoons of his friends as a pastime.

Thus far, 554 wisps of human hair have been made especially for the cast and characters in MUTINY ON THE BOUNTY—and more than a thousand more must be made before the picture ends.

Robert Barrat, who abandoned a flourishing career on the Broadway stage to become a screen player, won additional honours when he was chosen to create one of the "key" roles in Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's THE MURDER MAN. Spencer Tracy is starred with Virginia Bruce in the leading feminine role. Tim Whelan is directing THE MURDER MAN under Harry Rapf's production supervision.

Director Frank Lloyd at last has found the nine skinniest men in Hollywood. In MUTINY ON THE BOUNTY, they take the place of nine healthy sailors in the final sequences of a 1900-mile journey in an open long-boat.

Charles Trowbridge adds a new profession to his list of achievements this week when he becomes a district attorney in THE MURDER MAN at Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer, where he is under contract. Trowbridge has impersonated members of almost every profession including medical, surgical, dental, engineering and banking.

The magic set for the BROADWAY MELODY OF 1935 is housed in Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's largest sound stage, and is similar to an elaborate house of magic. In fact, it's so mysterious that it took the director of the musical



Sonny Hale and Jan Klepura in "My Song for You," showing at the Queen's Theatre, from to-morrow.

NEW RECORD

Colin Clive, playing the romantic lead in MAD LOVE at the Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer studios, had his hands in plaster casts six hours for a scene showing an experiment of a weird surgeon played by Peter Lorre.

Karl Freund, director of M-G-M's MAD LOVE with Peter Lorre, will wear a souvenir of the picture. He had every member of the company autograph his felt hat.

Three players of the cast of DAVID COPPERFIELD held an informal reunion on the set of A TALE OF TWO CITIES at the M-G-M studios. The players were Elizabeth Allan, Edna May Oliver and Basil Rathbone, all of whom have "key" roles in the new picture.

Greta Garbo, on her only visit to a Hollywood night club, requested Frances Langford, featured in M-G-M's BROADWAY MELODY OF 1935, to repeat a song.

Edwards Davis, former clergyman who turned to acting to become a stage star, is playing a Viennese nobleman in M-G-M's ESCAPE, starring William Powell.

production, Roy Del Ruth, five minutes to reach the centre of the stage after entering the door!

Colin Clive, playing the romantic lead in MAD LOVE at the Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer studios, had his hands in plaster casts six hours for a scene showing an experiment of a weird surgeon played by Peter Lorre.

Karl Freund, director of M-G-M's MAD LOVE with Peter Lorre, will wear a souvenir of the picture. He had every member of the company autograph his felt hat.

Three players of the cast of DAVID COPPERFIELD held an informal reunion on the set of A TALE OF TWO CITIES at the M-G-M studios. The players were Elizabeth Allan, Edna May Oliver and Basil Rathbone, all of whom have "key" roles in the new picture.

Greta Garbo, on her only visit to a Hollywood night club, requested Frances Langford, featured in M-G-M's BROADWAY MELODY OF 1935, to repeat a song.

Edwards Davis, former clergyman who turned to acting to become a stage star, is playing a Viennese nobleman in M-G-M's ESCAPE, starring William Powell.



Sonny Hale and Emlyn Williams in "My Song for You," showing at the Queen's Theatre from to-morrow.

KING'S LAS DAYS

A NEW PROGRAMME CONSISTING "LIVING MARBLE" (Reproduction of World Famous Master-Pieces.)

"THE HUMAN SHELL"

"TORVEVUE IN MONTEVIDEO" ETC ETC ETC PROF. WILLIAM DOORAY'S TROPICAL EXPRESS NON-STOP REVUE



NEW ACTS! NEW SON S! NEW DANCES!

ADMISSION PRICES: MATINEE—2s. 6d. & 1s. 6d. EVENING—3s. 6d. & 2s. 6d. Service in Uniform. M. 2. 15. Children Half Price. Matinee only.

AROUND THE COURTS

TRADE MARK CASE

Before Mr. E. I. Wynne-Jones at the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday, the Tung Tak firm of No. 101, Tai Nam Street, Shamshuipo, and a man named Chan were summoned by the proprietor of the Swatow Chemical Co., T. C. Lee, with having on August 8, last, unlawfully had in possession for purposes of trade, medicine to which a false trade mark was applied.

Mr. F. G. Nigel appeared for the complainant, while the defendants were represented by Mr. G. E. L. Grist.

At the outset of yesterday's proceedings, Mr. Nigel said he understood that the man Chan Kit, claimed to be the managing partner of the Tung Tak firm. Mr. Nigel further stated that he discovered that the man Chan was Chan Kit.

Mr. Grist confirmed Mr. Nigel's statement. His Worship then decided to take both of the summonses together.

The complainant was called to the witness box. He said that he was proprietor of the Swatow Chemical Co., at No. 85, Wing Lok Street East, 2nd floor. Witness's firm produced a medicine called "Welcome Powder." The packets of medicine or powder were contained in a box. The label which contained the powder, had a crane mark, the words of "Welcome Powder" being on the opposite side and above that mark was the name of the Swatow Chemical Company. Describing the difference between the genuine packet and the genuine one, witness said, that firstly, there was an absence of any lettering on the left side and secondly, the general effects of the imitation were blurred and the type or letters on the top were thicker. The powder contained in the genuine packet was coarser; it not being of uniform smoothness. The printing of the labels, in Hong Kong was undertaken by the Mel Chow Printing Co.

THE SEARCH

Sergt. C. Donovan gave evidence of the search in No. 191 and 193, Tai Nam Road on the night of August 9. In No. 191, he found 10 boxes and some labels. In a rear cubicle, he found packets of powder similar to those produced in Court, two larger packets and 13 printing blocks, which corresponded with the labels which wrapped up the powder.

Tsu Hin, a foki in a printing press, gave evidence to the effect that he was employed by defendant's firm to work on the night of Aug. 3 and 5. He saw the labels, got hold of one, and informed complainant about the matter.

LABELS ORDERED

Chan Kit, said he was the managing partner of the Tung Tak firm. On July 23 last a man by the name of Lee came to his shop and order 10,000 sets of labels. Witness kept the printing blocks because the man Lee had asked him to do so, saying that he would like to print some more later. When the man Lee came he presented a card and said he lived in Hotel Nahan and also said that he was a foki of the Swatow Chemical Co.

Witness was then closely examined, after which, His Worship convicted Chan Kit Hing, and dismissed the summons against the Tung Tak firm.

A fine of \$500 or in default 3 months' imprisonment was imposed, and defendant was also ordered to pay cost of \$100 or one month's imprisonment.

WINDING UP

At the Supreme Court yesterday Mr. Justice Lindell granted an application for the winding up of "Hong Kong Amusements, Ltd."

Mr. H. C. Macnamara, instructed by Mr. H. J. Armstrong, of Deacons, appeared for the petitioner and said the grounds for the application were that the Company was hopelessly insolvent and owed debts all round.

Mr. R. C. E. Lim, instructed by Mr. C. E. Sanderson, of Russ and Co., appeared for the supporting creditors.

His Lordship, in granting the application, ordered that the costs of the supporting creditors be paid out of assets if any.

OLD CUSTOM ABOLISHED

Sixteen Chinese, eight unemployed men, a farmer and seven widows were charged yesterday at the Central Magistracy, with failing to pay their fares while travelling on the steamer Yuet On from Kowloon to Hong Kong on August 26.

Detective-Sergeant H. J. Baldwin prosecuted, and the complainant was Captain A. A. Warild, master of the Yuet On, owned by the Hong Tak Steamship Company, 286 Des Voeux Road Central.

Four of the defendants pleaded guilty, saying they had no money to pay the fare. The remainder of the defendants pleaded that they offered 40 cents as fare for the journey, but this was refused.

The Magistrate Mr. Q. A. A. Macfadyen was informed by the prosecuting officer that the fare from Kowloon to Hong Kong was only 80 cents Chinese currency. The defendants were so called runners and had been in the habit of travelling to and fro without paying their fares.

Sometime ago the plaintiff company and three others decided to do away with the system and notices were posted up accordingly.

The runners were not paid but they merely allowed the country people the way to the boats leaving for Hong Kong.

On Monday night there was a regulated attempt to override the Yuet On and on arrival of the steamer 30 of them were on board.

Fourteen of the party agreed to pay the fare; some offered to pay half the fare, and others refused to pay at all.

The third defendant, Chan Luk, 26, unemployed, had \$4.40; the fourth defendant, Lam Kwai, 42, farmer, had 80 cents; the sixth defendant, Wong Chau, 54, unemployed, had \$1 in his possession and the twelfth defendant, Au Yee, 41, widow, had \$4.40. All the money was in Chinese currency.

CAPTAIN'S EVIDENCE

Captain Warild explained that the system of carrying, so-called runners was a custom dating back to the old days in China. They directed country people to the ships leaving Kowloon and for every ten passengers the runner was given a free passage. The runners were recognized. This system had been done away with some years ago on the Canton run and three or four years ago on the Wuchow trip, the Kowloon trip remaining. It had been recently agreed that the runners be dispensed with on the Kowloon trip and notices were posted up to this effect. The interests of four shipping companies were involved in the issue, and this was a test case.

Captain Warild asked his Worship to take a serious view of the case. The defendants did not travel alone as they had baggage and many baskets or merchandise.

"It is just an attempt to buck the companies' bye-laws," he remarked.

The Magistrate pointed out that the maximum fine was \$25, but as this was a test case he would impose a fine of \$5, or ten days' hard labour, on each of the defendants.

CASE REMANDED

At Central Magistracy, yesterday before Mr. W. Schofield, further evidence was given for the defence, in the case in which Chu Fung, a married woman, and Li Wo, are accused of having assaulted Cheung Suk Hing, a married woman, occasioning bodily harm, at the Coffee Plantation, Sookumpoo, on July 11.

The second defendant, in giving evidence, stated he did not assault the complainant, but that the complainant and some other people had assaulted the first defendant, and when he saw the complainant hitting the first defendant he tried to separate them. Further evidence was taken for the defence after which the case was adjourned until August 29 at 2.30 p.m.

Mr. Hui Shing Lo, instructed by Mr. T. J. Zimmerman, appeared for the complainant and Mr. H. C. Lee for the defendants.

Returning to Hong Kong before the expiration of his term, a bailiff, Leung Po, 35, was brought before Mr. Wynne-Jones at the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday and was sentenced to 12 months' hard labour. Defendant was punished for 12 months' hard labour on 12th December, 1934. He was admitted having served a sentence of 12 months for the same offence.

EMBEZZLEMENT ALLEGED

Mr. G. S. Hugh Jones yesterday appeared for Chang Tik Ming, a schoolmaster when he was charged before Mr. E. I. Wynne-Jones at the Kowloon Magistracy on an allegation that, being a member of a co-partnership with Chan Cheung Ling, a 30 year old school mistress, he did on various dates between April 1 and August 15, embezzle sums of money amounting to \$54 belonging to the partnership.

Mr. M. A. da Silva who appeared for the prosecution, stated that a school was opened with the partnership of complainant and the defendant on April 1, and it was agreed that during the first term defendant would have charge of accounts and money received. At the end of the term of August 6, defendant handed over a complete account for that term and signed it with his own name. Complainant began to check these accounts and found discrepancies. Receipts had been issued to pupils for three items of various amounts which had no corresponding counterfoils in the receipt book.

From August 6, notice was posted up that complainant would receive all accounts and receipts would be issued bearing the chops of both complainant and defendant. Defendant, however, collected various accounts and used only his own chop, and complainant found that he had collected from 40 pupils for which she had no account. The total sum unaccounted for amounted to between \$400 to \$500.

Defendant was remanded for seven days. Bail in the sum of \$200 was allowed.

A fine of \$270 with the alternative of two months' hard labour, was imposed upon Lai So, 27, unemployed, when he pleaded guilty before Mr. Wynne-Jones at the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday to a charge of having possession of nine tael of raw opium at the Kowloon-Canton Railway Station on Sunday last. Revenue Officer Browne stated that the opium was found concealed in the false bottom of a rattan suitcase. Li So, 38, unemployed, appeared on a charge of having possession of 34 taels of raw opium at the same place and on the same day. He pleaded guilty and was fined \$105, or in default, five weeks' hard labour. In this case the opium was found hidden between the two bottom layers of a basket.

(Continued on Page 11)

EVERYTHING (G.E.C.) ELECTRICAL

G. E. C. Radio PRICES NOW AS BELOW

A. C. MAINS SETS

BC. 3440 5 VALVE SUPERHET ... \$ 77.50
BC. 3480 8 VALVE SUPERHET ... 100.00
BC. 3520 8 VALVE AC/DO MAINS... 57.50
(FOR LOCAL B.C. ONLY)

BC. 3540 5 VALVE SUPERHET A.V.C. ... 110.00
BC. 3548 5 VALVE SUPERHET RADIOGRAM ... 200.00
BC. 3480 7 VALVE "OVERSEAS" ... 185.00

SHORT WAVE D. C. BATTERY SET

BC. 3568 6 VALVE SUPERHET ... 105.00
Less Batteries

ALL COMPLETE WITH OSRAM VALVES
SPECIALLY DESIGNED FOR
THE TROPICS.
MADE IN ENGLAND.

Anzora in the
morning keeps
Hair smart ...
all day



Just a little Anzora, each morning will keep your hair smart and in place all day long! Anzora is the original British Hair Fixative that millions of men prefer. Refuse substitutes—nothing else is as good as Anzora. Anzora Cream for normal scalp, Anzora Viola for dry scalp, Anzora Brilliantine for glossy hair. At all Chemists, Hairdressers and Stores.

ANZORA
MASTERS THE HAIR

ANZORA
PERFUMERY
Co., Ltd.,
London, N.W.6,
England.

Cerebos Salt

The dainty salt for the dainty table



PROGRESS

Better Times are Ahead
Are you ready to reap
the benefit?

南華日報

SOUTH CHINA DAILY NEWS
(NAM WAH YAT PO)

Whose daily circulation of 18,000 reaches modern and progressive Chinese in both Hong Kong and South China.

A great favourite with young and modern China on account of the excellence of its sporting news and authoritative political articles, the South China Daily News is too valuable a medium to be left out of your appropriation.

For Rates Apply To The Advg. Manager
South China Daily News (Nam Wah Yat Po)

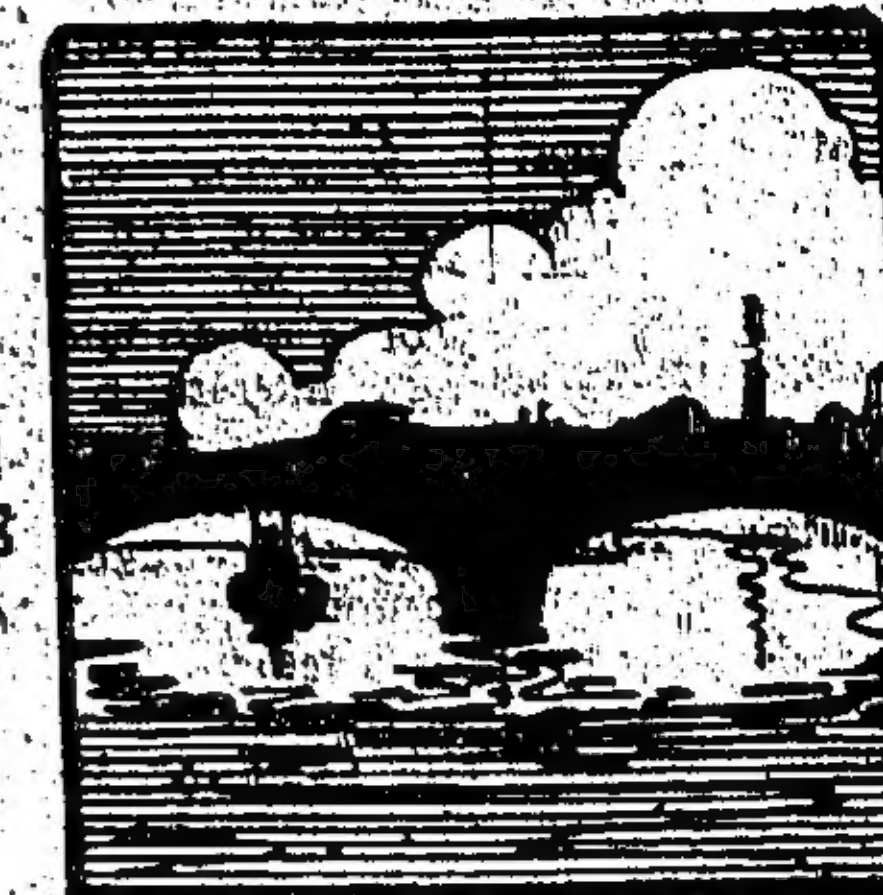
48-51, Hollywood Road, Hong Kong.

Tel. 25512 & 25524

Cables "SWANSON"

K. M. A. CERAMIC & REFRACTORY PRODUCT

CLINGER
PAVING
BUILDING
& FIRE
BRICK



STONE-
WARE
PIPES &
GLAZED
TILES

Ask for our Illustrated Catalogue—Compare our Prices
and Inspect our wide Range of Samples

THE KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION,
DODWELL & CO., LTD., Agents, Hong Kong.

SCALP ERUPTIONS quickly heal

DANDRUFF disappears

To eradicate chronic Eczema, Ringworm, Dandruff and disfiguring, hair-destroying eruptions of the scalp there is nothing to equal Cuticura for quick, complete healing. The soothing action of Cuticura instantly relieves irritation and itching, its antiseptic and healing powers destroy infection, and clear the diseased scalp. Cuticura stimulates the languishing hair roots, gives life and lustrous beauty to the hair and promotes luxuriant growth.

FOLLOW THESE DIRECTIONS:

Every day, gently massage Cuticura Ointment into the scalp with the fingertips. After an hour or so thoroughly shampoo the head with Cuticura Soap and rinse well to remove the soap. This daily treatment hastens healing and relieves inflammation at once. The soothing, healing, antiseptic Cuticura penetrates to the depths of the eruption. It destroys the lurking germs which keep the disease active, and steadily establishes a healthy condition of the scalp. A marvellous treatment for strengthening and restoring weak, lifeless hair, for preventing falling hair and premature baldness.



HONGKONG WEEKLY PRESS

AND

CHINA OVERLAND TRADE REPORT

ILLUSTRATED

PRINTED IN GOOD QUALITY PAPER OVER 40 PAGES

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY

FULL REPORTS

OF

LOCAL NEWS, SPORTS, GOSSIP, TRADE, ETC.

30 CENTS A COPY

HONGKONG DAILY PRESS, LTD.

11, ICE HOUSE ST.

TEL. 32251

ROTARY TALK

Illuminating Address By Mr. G. P. de Martin

In a very illuminating talk entitled "The Influence of Language upon Thought," Mr. G. P. de Martin, addressing a large gathering of Rotarians at the Rotary Club yesterday, stressed that language was not a racial characteristic.

"We do not inherit it from our ancestors along with blue eyes or black hair. No man is born to one language more than another, he speaks the language he has learned. From our parents we inherit nothing physically or intellectually which could lead us unconsciously to develop the same speech as theirs."

Introducing the speaker, the President, Professor Foster took the opportunity of announcing that the directors of the Club had agreed to help in the entertainment of 34 young ladies who are to visit the Colony from Australia. (Laughter and cheers.)

Professor Simpson of the Hong Kong University had very kindly consented to address the gathering when the girls would be the guests of the Club, which would of course be open to ladies. Those members intending to bring along their lady friends were, therefore, asked to send in particulars as soon as possible to the Hon. Secretary to facilitate arrangements. The President added that the loan of matchboxes and cars would very much be appreciated.

Addressing the gathering Mr. Martin prefaced his remarks by suggesting that in giving a talk rather than delivering a lecture he would not be rigorously obliged to keep to a narrow track but could proceed in the manner of a bus rather than a tram.

Disraeli once said that the best way of becoming acquainted with a subject was to write a book about it. Obviously this was not always successful. But an invitation to give a talk provides an opportunity to reduce to something like order ideas that drift vaguely in our heads.

Mr. de Martin's proposition was that the words possessed and used by different persons or groups of persons react upon their mental processes. His first instance was from English which owing to its mixed origin is a very rich language and part of this wealth lies in an abundance of words having more or less the same meaning but differing in form and origin.

After the assassination (or murder) of Julius Caesar Shakespeare makes his conspirators run about the streets crying "Liberty! Freedom! Emancipation!" They might have saved their breath.

Any one of these words would have been enough. But Shakespeare was right. Politicians are ever spendthrifts of words.

"I have said it twice. That alone should encourage the crew. I have said it thrice. What I tell you three times is true."

SCIENCE OF LOGIC

In the science of Logic there is a fallacy known as Argument in a Circle and the richness of English, its redundancy indeed, lends itself to this fallacy by enabling us to enunciate a proposition in words of Germanic origin and then to support it by saying it all over again in words of Latin origin.

A well-known example is:—"To allow every man an unbounded freedom of speech must always be advantageous to the state because it is highly conducive to the interests of the community that each individual should enjoy a perfectly unlimited liberty of expressing his sentiments." The passage illustrates the danger of supposing that one is strengthening a case when one is merely saying it all over again in different words. "I have said it twice."

After commenting on the interest of English synonyms the speaker related that when Archbishop Whately was asked if there was any difference between a form and a ceremony, he replied, "Yes, we sit on one and stand on the other."

SYNONYM

When one synonym is of Germanic origin and the other comes from Latin the former will usually predominate in everyday homely speech, the Latin word being reserved for ceremonial occasions. One result of this is that on a first acquaintance with other European languages the young English student is likely to suppose that the Romance languages are elaborate, poetic, sentimental. But this will really be a subjective concept of his own due to the fact that in his own speech he has at least two ways of saying the same thing, one of which will naturally be simpler than the other, and it will be the other that he finds in the Romance language.

The British mode of address is sometimes regarded as brusque and this may be because the sacred three persons "Your Lordship," "Your Honour," etc., are reserved for dignitaries but in some countries is the only

ordinary decently polite way of addressing everybody.

English is now more often used in diplomatic documents than at one time but the greater precision of French still wins for it the primacy in this regard. Reasoning with a rigid medium leads to unescapable conclusions, while with a loosely constructed medium there will always be the danger of losing sight of the great principle of order in thinking but the way will be left open to compromise. "Give us," said not altogether ironically, the late Mr. Augustine Birrell in one of his essays, "give us safety in our opinions. Let who will be logical."

HOSPITABLE LANGUAGE

English is a hospitable language and late foreign importations, if useful, are as much at home as those of Anglo-Saxon or Norman-French origin. The hospitality given to French military terms and the fact that they sometimes appear in print with capital letters have led to amusing mistakes on the part of non-military persons who seek in vain in atlases for point d'appui and pied a terre and are puzzled by that sturdy warrior General Terrain who has so often had the distinction of being mentioned in dispatches.

In spite of the hybrid origin of English hybrid words are undesirable. In a small English town there used to be a place of entertainment known as "The Hippodrome." There was nothing wrong with the word, though it was not very suitable for the entertainment provided. With the advent of the moving pictures the place changed hands and was renamed "Picture-drome." A place with such a name was doomed and soon came to financial failure. Even in the Education Department, which ought to be above suspicion in such matters, it was once shamelessly proposed to buy a contraption described as a "projectoscope!"

Language is not a racial characteristic. We do not inherit it from our ancestors along with blue eyes or black hair. No man is born to one language more than another. He speaks the language which he has learned. From our parents we inherit nothing physically or intellectually which could lead us unconsciously to develop the same speech as theirs.

LANGUAGE AND NATIONALITY
Language and nationality are only connected by accidents of time or place. Most of the words in a present day English dictionary come from Latin and were brought in from the Normans who were a Germanic people who got them from the French who were mostly Celts and imported them from Italy.

An elementary school grammar book will tell us that the function of language is to convey thoughts. But, though we all perceive this function there is another which is not so immediately recognised. People who have been born deaf and dumb and later in some way or other acquire the use of verbal speech are said to find it difficult to say much about their lives before they had the use of words. Having in their earlier days no words to think with it is not easy for them to describe what happened then. Language is an indispensable ingredient of thought. "Ingredient," because it is not a mere instrument.

It may seem that language is what man has made it. It is as true that man is what language has made him. While man could never have developed as he has done without the natural endowment to do so, speech, words, language have been indispensable in that development. Some writer has described style as the architecture of thought.

Those who have interested themselves in the history of architecture know that at different times and in different parts of the world building styles have been greatly influenced by, not entirely dependent on, the materials at the disposal of the builders. We should

THE ROYAL ENGINEERS

Successful Functions Held

It was regrettable that the Whist Drive and Tombola held on Monday evening last, in Wellington Barracks, was marred by rain, the Clerk of the weather deciding to turn on his taps and drenching everything just before the commencement.

However, previous arrangements had been made in case of this and the Drive was successfully held in the Sapper Dining Room, and in spite of the rain, 23 tables were occupied by members of the Association and their friends who sat down to a very enjoyable game.

The Prizes were won by Mrs. J. A. Kennard, 1st; Mrs. J. Fowles, 2nd; Mrs. O'Reilly, 3rd, and Mr. Greagh, 1st; Mr. Mercer, 2nd; and Mr. Bowden, 3rd, gentlemen, these being very kindly presented by Mrs. B. Casey, to whom a hearty vote of thanks was given. After refreshments had been served, tombola was started.

It may not be generally known, that whilst these functions are held in the open, if necessary, owing to climatic conditions, they are held under cover in the Sapper Dining room so whatever the weather, they will always be held.

For the next Whist Drive and Tombola to be held on Monday, 9th September, arrangements are being made for car parking. It is therefore hoped that as many members of the Association, their friends and all others interested will not let the weather deter them from coming along.

It is also desired to have known that if any ex-R.E. in the Colony is not aware that the R.E.O.C.A. annual dinner is being held on October 12th next, the Chairman, c/o S. of Works Office, Command Headquarters, Victoria Barracks, will be pleased to give all particulars.

not expect architectural forms to resemble one another in districts where builders have to depend respectively on wood or clay, marble or mud, leaves or stone. The characteristic forms of the Swiss chalet, the adobe of South America, the marble palazzo of Italy, the wattle huts of tropical villages have been dictated by the available material.

SPEECH OR CONDITIONS

Similarly, saving our common humanity, we would not expect thought processes to run quite on the same lines with such different thought media as Chinese, Welsh, Yoruba or French.

In our most simple reactions we are all at the mercy of our speech or condition: whether we get our culture from the "Forest of Pensils" or from the universities of Europe; whether we strive in the "madding crowd" of cities or like Gray's rude rustics, "keep the noiseful tenour" of our way "along the sequestered vale of life." Some one "hits us: we hit back. The sun scorches us: we move into the shade. We pick up something hot: we drop it. We are cold: we cover ourselves: we do this even in sleep.

In these cases there is nothing but physiological stimulus and response. Everything is reflex. No process of thought is involved. But when we come to real mental activity we think in words and then our language, whatever it be, influences the way we think.

It will be readily admitted that a speaker can influence another man or group of persons by talking. "Influence" does not necessarily mean "persuade." One's friend may not be talked round; the propagandist may find his meeting broken up; the orator may not always convince. He may indeed bore. But there will always be some reaction and this will vary according to the words used. Now all this applies equally to the thinker, for what is a man thinking but a man talking to himself?

It would be a mistake to suppose that language affects only according to national groups. It may be going so far to say that no two persons talk the same language, but undoubtedly the number, and nature of the words we possess and use vary with our occupations and interests.

Mr. de Martin concluded with a quotation which has suggested the trend of his address. "Words are great powers in the world: not only telling what things are but making them what they are and not making them what they are not."

The Hon. Dr. R. H. Kewell proposed a vote of thanks, after which

MISS RIBEIRO'S ABSENCE

Anxiety Caused By Phone Message

Stating that the whole affair was a misunderstanding, Mr. V. R. V. Ribeiro of No. 125 Lockhart Road, father of Mercedes Ribeiro (17) who was earlier reported to have been kidnapped, said that on receiving a phone call late on Monday night that his daughter was in trouble he lost no time in communicating with the police to that effect.

In an interview granted to a representative of the "Daily Press," Mr. Ribeiro said in explanation "My daughter went out with a party without my knowledge. She stayed at a girl friend's house where they danced till rather a late hour. There was no telephone so she could not communicate with me. She was afraid to return home alone, so she stayed there for the night."

"The whole affair was a misunderstanding, and my daughter phoned up at about 10 o'clock in the morning when she explained everything. The idea of the kidnapping had been a misunderstanding on the part of the informant."

"Natural," added Mr. Ribeiro, "not knowing where my daughter was at the time and receiving the phone message in question, I took it for granted that something was amiss so I lost no time in reporting the affair to the Police."

The first report of the alleged kidnapping created quite a stir in town and until a late hour yesterday afternoon the Police were engaged in an attempt to discover who was the party responsible for the message received by Mr. Ribeiro to the effect that his daughter was in the hands of kidnappers.

Detective Sgt. Fitches said that the message had now been proved to be a hoax and as far as the Police knew and according to a subsequent statement made by the girl, she stayed at a friend's house.

HONG KONG TRAVEL ASSOCIATION

The Hong Kong Travel Association acknowledges with thanks the following subscriptions—

The Hong Kong & Shanghai Hotels, Ltd. \$1,000
Messrs. Deacons 100
Messrs. Lowe Bingham & Matthews 50
Mr. F. A. Joseph 50
Previously acknowledged 3,350

The President announced that in answer to his appeal earlier on, he had received several offers already for the loan of matchboxes and cars. Guests introduced included—

Messrs. A. F. Dugleby (Manila), W. J. Giel (Batavia), D. H. Blake, H. H. Beddow, W. Summers (Hong Kong) and Alan Howell (Manila).

INTERNATIONAL CAMPS FOR OLDER BOYS

At the Rotary Club yesterday, a booklet dealing with the "International Camps for Older Boys" was laid on the tables.

This book serves as an announcement of the 4th Pacific Area of the International Older Boys Conference at Tsingtao, China (held on August 5-12) and contains an article by Tracy Strong, reprinted from "The League of Nations Educational Survey, Vol. 1, No. 2."

In the preface it is stated that the camp conference is being held under the auspices of the World's Alliance of Young Men's Christian Association, and that this has been made possible through the generosity of Rotary and Y's Men's Clubs in all parts of China, which had contributed over \$2,000, as an expression of their interest in this attempt to increase friendly understanding between outstanding boys "who will be leaders of tomorrow in the lands bordering on the Pacific."

Tracy Strong is the originator of the International Camping idea, and his article deals primarily with camps in Europe. Since it was written, three international camps have been held at Utsunomiya, Japan, at Honolulu, and at Los Banos in the Philippines.

The preface is signed by Lennix Sweet and the booklet is issued by the National Committee of the Y.M.C.A. of China, Shanghai.

MUZZLING ORDER TO CONTINUE

No Steps For Free Inoculation

A letter from the Government relative to compulsory inoculation of dogs as recommended by the Sanitary Board, was laid on the table at the fortnightly meeting of this body, which was held yesterday in the Post Office Building, presided over by Mr. W. J. Carrie.

The letter stated that the matter in question "will receive the careful consideration of the Government but that at present advised Government can see no grounds for relieving owners of the cost of inoculation, except in the case of village watch dogs, which are licensed without charge."

With regard to the muzzling order "no relaxation can be entertained while cases of rabies continue to occur."

Those present at the meeting included:—
Hon. Mr. R. M. Henderson, Vice-President; Hon. Mr. N. L. Smith, S.C.A.; Dr. G. W. Pope, M.O.H.; Mr. Wong Kwong Tin, Mr. L. C. F. Bellamy; Dr. R. A. de Castro Basto; Dr. Li Shu Fan; Mr. C. J. Roe, Secretary; Mr. Im Ping Tsung, Asst. Secretary.

The business before the meeting was as follows:

- 1.—Letter from Government relative to compulsory inoculation of dogs.
- 2.—Minute by the President relative to the conservancy contract for Shekwan.
- 3.—Application for an eating house licence at No. 44, Wing Lok Street, ground floor (the portion facing Hillier Street).
- 4.—Application for an eating house licence at No. 224, Shanghai St., ground floor.

THE LETTER

The letter from the Colonial Secretary's Office dated August 13, laid before the meeting read as follows:

"I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 325/192 of July 31, 1935, and to state in reply for the information of the Sanitary Board that the recommendation for compulsory inoculation of dogs will receive the careful consideration of the Government, but that at present advised Government can see no grounds for relieving owners of the cost of inoculation, except in the case of village watch dogs, which are licensed without charge."

2.—In any event no relaxation of the muzzling order can be entertained while cases of rabies continue to occur."

With reference to item 2 relative to the conservancy contract for Shekwan, the President stated that this would extend over a period of three years, and it was the intention of the Board to invite further tenders for the contract.

Applications for licences for an eating house at No. 44, Wing Lok Street, and at No. 224, Shanghai Street, Yaumatei, respectively were refused on the recommendation of the select committee, who found that in the former place, it was totally inadequate as there was no kitchen accommodation, and as regards the latter the premises were wholly unsuitable.

HIS MAJESTY'S SPEECHES

Complete Jubilee Record

"His Majesty's Speeches," which is a complete record of the Silver Jubilee, has recently been published by King George's Jubilee Trust, to which the proceeds from the sale are being devoted. His Royal Highness, the Prince of Wales, who initiated the Trust as a national "Thank-offering" to Their Majesties, has contributed a personal message.

The publication will consist of 56 pages with 12 art plate photographs, and will be bound in cloth embossed in gold, price 2/- per copy, post free 2/3. There is also a special Library Edition bound in leather. Each copy of this limited Library Edition is numbered and the price is 10/-, post free 10/6. The size of each volume is 24 inches deep by 6 inches wide. Copies may be had on application to the Editor, King George's Jubilee Trust, 10, St. James's Square, London, S.W.1.

For DISTINCTIVE QUALITY FURNITURE



MODERN
OR
PERIOD
DESIGN

SOUNDLY CONSTRUCTED
TO GIVE LASTING
SATISFACTION

— FURNITURE DEPT. —

LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.

PIANOS FOR SALE OR HIRE



TUNING, REGULATING, REPAIRING
The Anderson Music Co., Ltd.

Ice House Street. Tel. 21322.



TRUCULENT TAILPIECES

by
NO QUARTER

AN AMUSING BOOKLET CONTAINING EXTRACTS
FROM "STRAIGHT FROM THE SHOULDER"
REPRINTED FROM HONGKONG DAILY PRESS

A SURE SPECIFIC

RESPONDENCY & DYSENTERIA

PRICE—\$1.00

NOW ON SALE

HONGKONG DAILY PRESS OFFICE

ALL BOOK STORES.



POPULARISE HONG KONG

Do you realise that every year
Thousands of people decide to
tour the East?

The Hong Kong Travel
Association which is sponsored
by the Government of
Hong Kong, has been
inaugurated to conduct over-
seas publicity campaigns in
the interest of the Colony.

In order to achieve this object
effectively, a considerable
outlay is necessary, and con-
tributions are therefore invited
from those firms whose pro-
sperity is directly associated
with the presence of overseas
visitors in Hong Kong.

Subscriptions should be sent to:

HONG KONG TRAVEL ASSOCIATION
Post Office Building.

ADVERTISEMENTS. ADVERTISEMENTS.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT
by
THE EASTERN EXTENSION AUSTRALASIA
& CHINA TELEGRAPH CO. LTD.
Associated with
CABLE & WIRELESS, LIMITED.
and
THE GREAT NORTHERN TELEGRAPH CO. LTD.

From 1st SEPTEMBER a new
service of NIGHT LETTER TELE-
GRAMS (NLT) will be available to
senders of cable messages between
HONG KONG and GREAT
BRITAIN.

These telegrams, for which the
minimum charge is for 75 words at
ONE-THIRD of the FULL RATE,
must be written in Plain Language
(Figures, Commercial Marks and
abbreviated expressions are allowed
up to one-third of the number of
characters in the text and
signature) and clearly marked "NLT"
before the address, will be delivered on
the morning after the date of despatch.
Thus a telegram despatched in Great
Britain on the 1st will be delivered in
Hong Kong on the morning of the 2nd.

DIOCESAN BOYS' SCHOOL
Founded 1869. Hong Kong.

Headmaster — Rev. C. B. B.
Sargent, M. A. Cantab.

Next term starts on Monday,
September 9th at 8.30 a.m.

New boys tests will be held on
Saturday, September 7th at 9.00
a.m.

Entry forms, prospectuses and all
particulars may be obtained from
the Headmaster.

Telephone 57777. P. O. Box 33.
[3761]

OFFICIAL NOTICE.
PROPOSAL TO CHANGE A
SHIP'S NAME

I, George Lewis Shaw, of Antung,
Manchuria, hereby give notice
that in consequence of a stipulation
in the purchase agreement, I have
applied to the Board of Trade, under
Section 47 of the Merchant Shipping
Act, 1894, in respect of the ship
"TKXAO XI" of Hong Kong,
Official number 118499 of gross
tonnage 1460 tons, register tonnage
984 tons, heretofore owned by The
Texas Shipping Company (China)
Limited, of Hong Kong, for the per-
mission to change her name to
"SHINWA", and to have her
registered in the new name at the
Port of Hong Kong, as owned by
myself.

Any objections to the proposed
change of name must be sent to the
Registrar of Shipping at Hong Kong
within seven days from the
appearance of this advertisement.

Signed GEO. L. SHAW.
Dated at Antung, Manchuria, this
10th day of August, 1935.

INDUSTRIAL & COMMERCIAL
BANK, LTD.
(In Liquidation)

A Third and Final Dividend is
intended to be declared in the
matter of the Industrial & Com-
mercial Bank Ltd. (In Liquidation).

Creditors who have not proved
their debt by the 30th day of
SEPTEMBER, 1935, will be ex-
cluded from his dividend.

Proofs should be sent to the under-
signed at 6, Des Voeux Road Central,
Hong-Kong, on or before the 30th
day of September, 1935.

Dated the 7th August, 1935.
J. HENNESSEY SETH,
S. HAMPDEN ROSS,
Joint Liquidators. [3756]

SMALLPOX IN MALAYA

Singapore, August 21.
Pearl's Hill area of Singapore
is being combed by the Health
Department who, following Mrs.
F. J. Fuller's death from small-
pox on Sunday, are searching for
further cases.

How Mrs. Fuller developed the
disease is a mystery at present.
She had been vaccinated—but
seven days too late. It is thought
she picked up the disease two
weeks ago, before she was vac-
cinated.

Her husband, a warder in the
Singapore Prisons, and her young
daughter, who were both vac-
cinated about two weeks ago, are
in isolation.

The last case of a European
suffering from smallpox in Singa-
pore occurred many years ago.

CRAZED KILLER

Ipo, August 19.
Third victim of a maniac for
whom the police are combing the
district, a Tamil's headless body
was found a mile from Ipo over
the week-end.

The body had been thrown into a
stream by the new Kampar Road.
Two bodies with heads cut off had
been previously discovered in the
Batu Gajah district.

All three murdered men belonged
to the Nadar caste.

MURDEROUS FRENZY

The killer is believed to be suffer-
ing from religious and homicidal
mania, and other members of the
caste are in terror of their lives.

Strong detachments of police are
hunting down the murderer.

Three men have already been
questioned.

DEATHS

JOHNSTON.—On August 21, 1935,
at the General Hospital, Singa-
pore, Mrs. Ada Johnston, of
Derbyshire, widow of Thomas
Johnston, Liverpool, also mo-
ther of Mrs. J. A. Johnston and
Johnston. Aged 61. Deeply re-
gretted.

LINGARD.—On August 18, 1935, at
Ching Ma, Slam, Henry
Lingard, aged 37, husband of
Margaret Lingard (née Mill-
gan).

ENGAGEMENT

MELCHERS.—CROOT.—The engage-
ment is announced of Hans H.
P. Melchers, younger son of the
late Karl F. Melchers and Mrs.
Melchers, of Shanghai, and
Lella Croot, of Hong Kong, only
daughter of Mr. and Mrs.
Horace Croot, of Petersfield,
England.

WOLFE.—MARSH.—The engagement
is announced of Noel Wolfe,
elder son of Mr. and Mrs. S. W.
Wolfe, of Shanghai and Freda,
elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs.
H. F. Marsh, of Chinwangtao.

MARRIAGE

JOHN.—LE BARS.—The marriage
between Mr. Roy Powell John
and Mlle. Gorette le Bars took
place at Swansea on August 1,
1935.

Editorial and Business Office: 11,
Ice House Street. Tel. 30251.

Night Editor (Wanchai Office):
Tel. 24511.

London Office: 53, Fleet Street,
E.C. 4.

The Daily Press

Hong Kong, August 28, 1935.

SUNKEN TREASURE

There's gold in the sea, untold
millions in lustrous bars and
gleaming specie, that still tempts
inventive men to wrest alluring
treasures from Neptune's swirling
grasp. Attempts of the British
steamer Ophir to salvage the safe
of the lost liner Lusitania mark
the beginning of a new chapter in
the thrilling log of modern ocean
treasure seekers.

Nobody seems to know the value
of the contents of the Lusitania's
safe. At the time she crossed the
streaking path of an enemy sub-
marine's torpedo in 1915, the vessel
was reported to be carrying gold
specie. Aboard her were many
wealthy travellers who, in accord-
ance with the custom of voyagers
in the war zone, are believed to
have entrusted jewels and other
valuables to the Lusitania's purser.

Something new in ocean salvage
operations is being used to retrieve
these speculative riches. A stair-
way encased in long, steel tube ex-
tending from the surface to the
Lusitania's A deck, some 30
fathoms under the sea's surface, is
the medium through which the
Ophir's divers intend to grope their
way down the eerie corridors in
the barnacled hulk of the old Cun-
arder. Using powerful electric
drills, the expedition hopes to pry
the lid of this supposedly lucrative
treasure chest by removing the
safe through a rent in the liner's
side and with the aid of the Ophir's
derrick raise the strongbox.

Can the Lusitania's divers parry
the thrusts of Neptune's trident,
the storms, the currents, the press-
ing depths which beset whoever
dares invade that wily warden's
realm? Records of modern sea
salvage provide promising prece-
dents. Only last year a British
expedition recovered \$5,000,000 in
bullion from the wreck of the liner
Laurentic, a wartime torpedo vic-
tim. Probably the greatest tale of
successful salvage is that of Italian
divers who recovered \$5,000,000 in
gold from the P. & O. liner Egypt
sunk in collision off the Ushant 13
years ago.

The fact that this highly profit-
able adventure was carried on in
60 fathoms of exposed water
sugars well for the Ophir expedi-
tion working at only half that
depth. If the vaunted steel tube
of the British divers should unlock
the lid to the Lusitania's con-
jurer riches, there is almost cer-
tain to be a sudden demand for
charts of the Spanish Main.
Judging by legends that have
sprung up since the days of the
Spanish conquests, the returns
from a modern salvage job would
have been mere pin money to
pirates who roved the Caribbean
400 years ago.

NEW TOBACCO
PLANT
Chinese-Made
Equipment

[Special to the "Hong Kong Daily
Press." (Copyright).]

Shanghai, Aug. 20.
A new branch of the Philippine
Chinese Tobacco Company opens
here to-day at 428 Pootung Road.
The parent Company, known as the
Philippine Aromatic Cigarette
Manufacturing Company, has had
a short but rapidly growing his-
tory. It was founded in Manila
in 1919 when modern machinery
was hardly known. From a small
factory laboriously producing
several thousand cigarettes and
cigars a day, the parent company
has grown so rapidly that it now
produces no less than 6,000,000
cigarettes and cigars in an eight-
hour day! The managers of the
parent company realizing that
China offered a good market for
their products, planned two years
ago, to open a company here.

MODERN FACTORY

The result of their plans is their
modern factory, representing an
investment of \$500,000, which is
opened to-day. Despite its high
output, which will be limited at
the start, only 10 hands are em-
ployed. All the machinery used is
of the latest automatic type, but
one of great interest is a Chinese-
made cigarette machine which pro-
duces 1,200 cigarettes a minute and
which is in every way comparable
with the American machines.

The factory also possesses mod-
ern sanitary facilities for the
workers and will have its own res-
taurant later on. Complete first-
aid equipment is at hand in the
event of accidents.

China United Press (By Mail)

BOATMAN ROBBED

Chan Sul, aged 39, a boatman,
living on a licensed sampan usual-
ly lying at Tai Ping, Chinese ter-
ritory, reported to the police yes-
terday that he left on Long by the
creek at about 9 a.m. on August 26
and was making his way to Tai
Ping in Chinese territory. As he
was nearing Tsuen Tai Tsui and
when he was almost three quarters
of a mile from the Luen Tak Com-
pany's Bund at Mong Cheong, he
saw another boat coming towards
him with a man standing at the
bow of the boat holding a revolver
in his hand.

The boat came alongside the
sampan and Chan Sul was ordered
to come aboard, after which his
hands were tied and he was sent
down into the hold. He stated
that he saw about nine persons in
all on board the boat. At about 4
a.m. yesterday he was released
near the same spot where he was
held up, and put aboard his own
sampan. He found that \$1.20 in
money was missing and some
articles valued at \$5.60.

MOTOR ACCIDENTS

Mr. E. E. Maughan, residing at
14 Ventres Road, reported to the
police yesterday that he was
driving his car along Connaught
Road Central when a Chinese man,
Chak Chung, suddenly ran out
from a passage way near the B.
& S. Building and was struck by
the front part of the car. The
man received slight injuries to the
left thigh and left arm and he
received treatment at the Govern-
ment Civil Hospital.

In another report, Tang Wal,
living at 37 Canton Road, stated
that he was driving his car No.
343 along Cause Road when he
collided with car No. 1368. Both
cars were damaged slightly but no
one was injured.

BETTER TIME BY AIR

Singapore, August 21.
Beginning yesterday, the
K.N.I.L.M. air service is being
operated—as has the K.L.M. ser-
vice between Holland and Java for
the past few months—with Douglas
aircraft.

This means that it is now possible
to fly between Singapore and
Batavia in 3 hours instead of 4
hours, the time taken by the Fokker
aircraft of the company in the past.
The company has bought three
Douglas machines, each fitted with
an automatic pilot.

The first Douglas on the service
left Batavia for Singapore at 7.45
a.m. to-day but was not expected to
arrive much before noon, as the
air line of departure from Palem-
bang was adhered to.

POLICY IN CHINA
Mission To Start Soon

(Special Air Mail Service)

London, Aug. 8.

Great hopes go with Sir Frederick
Leith-Ross, the Government's chief
financial expert, in the mission to
China on which he starts on
Saturday. The official announce-
ment of his duties seems to have
been kept intentionally vague.

It is an open secret that the keen
interest taken by Mr. Runciman
and Mr. Neville Chamberlain is
largely responsible for his being
sent. This is unquestionably the
most important move that Great
Britain has made in the Far East
for many years.

It is, indeed, high time that we
bestirred ourselves. The famous
policy of surrender of all our rights
in China, proclaimed by the For-
eign Office in December, 1926, broke
down for reasons too long to be
detailed here; but, briefly, because
it was founded on a mirage, on the
assumption of conditions in China
that never existed. Even the For-
eign Office, in secret, scarcely
denies its failure.

BRITISH POLICY OF DRIFT

No Power, not even America,
China's self-constituted patron,
has shown the slightest inclination
to follow our lead. In recent years
our policy has been undisturbedly
one of drift. When Mr. T. W.
Baillie-Lindsay, brilliant Finance
Minister, was in London in 1933 he
remarked satirically to English
friends:

"Your Government's policy in
China is simply to save itself
trouble. That does you no good,
and us no good."

Events have justified the sar-
casm. Since early this year in-
creasingly serious reports have
been reaching London of China's
economic difficulties and of Japan's
growing ascendancy over her.
Without taking the latter too se-
riously, it was felt by the most
careful observers that Great Britain
had reached a crisis when she must
either bestir herself actively and
constructively in China, or accept
the gradual decay, possibly the
extinction, of her vast interests in
that country, still greater than
those of any other Power.

In spite of her many difficulties,
China has to-day a better oppor-
tunity, and among her leading men
a stronger will, to set her house in
order than at any time since the
Revolution of 1911.

SEVEN YEARS' GOVERNMENT

It is a very notable fact that the
Government is still substantially
the same as that set up by the
Nationalists in 1928, when they
conquered Peking and moved the
capital to Nanking. No previous
Government had maintained itself
so long. True, there has been a
succession of so-called Presidents
in Peking; but while their authority
 dwindled to the space of no more
than Peking's circumference, that
of Nanking had steadily increased.
The history of the Nanking
regime falls into two clearly mark-
ed periods from 1928 to 1931, and
from then onwards. At the outset
the Kuomintang (the central party
of Nationalism created by the late
Dr. Sun Yat Sen) were plainly in-
toxicated by success, anti-foreign,
and towards the provinces in-
tolerant and ungrateful. They
proclaimed new reforms every day,
most of them wildly idealistic, nearly
all of them still-born. In nine
months civil wars broke out again
and lasted, with little interruption,
down to the eve of the Japanese
invasion of Manchuria.

That calamity in some ways
proved a blessing in disguise. It
brought the politicians to a sharp
realisation of the suicidal folly of
their quarrelling.

Two conspicuous symptoms show
the new frame of mind. Except
with the Communists, against
whom every man's hand is raised,
there appears a general under-
standing that there must be no
more civil war. And China has
passed through two colossal crises
without serious disturbance of the
Government.

GREAT WORK ALREADY
DONE

Real unification has yet to be
achieved. Canton still mostly
paddles its own canoe. The West
and North-West remain sadly
chaotic. But piecemeal restoration
is not only a necessity in a country
25 times the size of Great Britain,
but the normal practice through-
out China's history in every era
of dynastic change following on a
dynasty's downfall.

Amazing economic develop-
ments have been achieved, new
railways have been built, others
are in planning. The Canton-
Hankow Railway should be com-
pleted next year, giving China a
through trunk line from south to
north to link up with the Tran-
siberian to Europe.

One may motor from Shanghai
to the heart of Central China and
for hundreds of miles in other
directions where, until recently, a
wheelbarrow track was the only
road. The beneficial changes
wrought by the new communica-
tions, coupled with eager social and
educational campaigns, are attested
by many of old residents in the
once isolated interior of China.

But the debit side is unfortuna-
ly heavy. The disastrous conse-
quences for China of America's
Silver Purchasing Act, in draining
away China's silver and raising the
cost of her exports, are too well
known to need detailing. In the
past 12 months, in spite of the
heavy export tax on silver imposed
last October, China is estimated to
have lost 300,000,000 of silver.

THE COMMUNIST ENEMY

The evil was aggravated by the
preceding land boom in Shanghai,
which has tied up immense sums
in now frozen assets. The upshot
has been shortage of cash, restricted
trade and widespread bankruptcy.
A loan to China has been discus-
sed, but it is difficult to know what
form it could take, as merely to
lend her money to buy silver would
further raise the price of the metal,
and thus increase instead of lessen
her troubles.

Past years of civil war and mis-
government, and Communist as-
cendancy in some of the richest
parts of the Yangtze Valley, have
told heavily on China's trade.
Compared with 1933 (which had
been worse than 1932) exports last
year fell from \$812,000,000 to
\$535,000,000, and imports from
\$1,345,000,000 to \$1,030,000,000. The
Customs revenue, at \$334,845,408,
was only a little below that of 1934,
and more than in 1932. But this
was due to increased tariffs, which
are becoming dangerously high.

The Government has lately aban-
doned many of the iniquitous taxes
on exports, but will, of course,
have to wait for its reward. Im-
ports of food are nearly half of the
adverse trade balance. This in a
country which could easily be help-
ing to feed its neighbours!

The Communists have at last
been driven out of Central China,
but innumerable mobile bands,
very difficult to catch, are
ravaging the West and North-
West, thus necessitating that ter-
rible drain for military operations
which seems never-ending.

In Nanking's Budget for 1935-36
military costs are \$293,016,800 out
of a total of \$987,154,006. Nanking
will be lucky if she gets off for this,
which, moreover, does not include
the provincial armies.

Altogether, China's armies num-
ber at least 2,000,000 men, probably
many more. Until the crushing
internal taxation has been cut
down, and agriculture revives, the
soldiers cannot be disbanded for
want of work to give them, and
there's the rub. In spite of the
efforts of leading men in many
provinces, official inertia, nepotism
and corruption are a drag on pro-
gress.

CHINA'S FEAR OF JAPAN

Over all prospects—good and bad
alike—and the good are most truly
deserving of attention—hangs the
haunting Chinese fear of Japan.
Manchuria has gone, Inner Mongo-
lia is going, the northern districts
inside the Great Wall are virtually
a Japanese protectorate, and, when
Tokyo commands, Nanking clearly
dares not disobey. What more?
the Chinese, and others, are ask-
ing.

It is, perhaps, to this problem
that Sir Frederick Leith-Ross will
most turn his attention. No
material help can be given China
with any permanent benefit until
this universal suspicion has been
dispelled, a suspicion, be it re-
membered, which exists just as
strongly between Japan and the
West as between China and Japan.
It is all-important to realise that
Japan has her own case against the
West, some of it certainly just.
She must have markets and raw
materials, and China is the only
region in which she can be sure
of finding them.

And Japan is in a position to
do exactly as she likes. That we
must work to get the co-operation
of Japan, and not act in defiance
of her, is too obvious to be
ignored.

TASK FOR A MEDIATOR

The odds are not unfavourable.
Mr. Hirota, the Japanese Foreign
Minister, undoubtedly desires the

NEWS SUMMARY

Cheng Tik-ming, a schoolmaster,
appeared before Mr. Wynne-Jones
yesterday at the Kowloon Magis-
tracy and was remanded for
seven days, on an allegation that,
being a member of a co-partner-
ship with Chan Cheung-ling, 30,
schoolmistress, he did on various
dates between April 1 and August
15 embezzle sums of money
amounting to \$54 belonging to
the partnership. Page 6.

A test case involving the in-
terests of four shipping com-
panies operating on the Kong-
moon run was heard before Mr.
Macfadyen at the Central Police
Court yesterday, when 16 Chinese,
eight unemployed men, a farmer
and seven widows, were charged
with failing to pay their fares
when travelling on the steamer
Fuet On from Kongmoon to
Hongkong on August 28. Page 6.

A mysterious telephone mes-
sage, received by the father of the
girl in the early hours yesterday
told of the kidnapping of a Portu-
guese girl named Mercedes
Ribeiro, aged 17 years, who left
her home at 128 Lockhart Road,
Wanchai, to attend the 9 p.m.
performance at the Oriental
Theatre. Page 7.

A heavy fine was imposed on a
Chinese who was convicted on a
summons of breach of the Trade
Mark Ordinance by Mr. E. I.
Wynne-Jones at the Kowloon
Magistracy yesterday. Page 6.

At the Y.M.C.A. bath yesterday,
the Lincolnshire Regiment held
their annual Aquatic Swimming
Sports which produced some
thrilling finishes.

The Aggregate was captured by
H. O. Wing with 24 points with
"A" Company a close second.
Page 10.

Mr. G. P. De Martin spoke at
the meeting of the Rotary Club
yesterday on "The Influence of
Language upon Thought," wherein
the speaker stressed that no man
is born to one language more
than another—he speaks the
language he has learned. Page 7.

At the meeting of the Sanitary
Board, held yesterday afternoon,
a letter received from the Colo-
nial Secretary's Office relative to
compulsory inoculation of dogs
was laid on the table. Page 7.

LOCAL AND
GENERAL

A dinner dance will be held at
Repulse Bay Hotel to-night. The
last bus leaves Repulse Bay at 1
a.m.

There was a clean bill of health
for the 24 hours ended on Monday.

One case of diphtheria (fatal)
15 cases of enteric fever (4 fatal)
and 57 cases of tuberculosis (all
fatal) were reported to the Health
Authorities for the week ending on
August 24.

Commissioned Gunner H. D.
Jenner, of H.M.S. Delight, was
found aboard his ship yesterday
suffering from the effects of
poisoning, according to a report
issued by the naval authorities
this morning. When found, he
was in a serious condition. Jenner
was immediately rushed to the
Royal Naval Hospital, where he
was later reported to be out of
danger. No information is avail-
able as to how he was poisoned.

The annual general meeting of
the Maimak Hockey Tournament
will be held at St. Andrew's Church
Hall, Nathan Road, at 6 p.m. on
Wednesday, September 4.

friendship of China, and the re-
cent dismissal of Gen. Mazak,
Inspector of Military Training, and
of large numbers of the bellicose
politically-minded subordinate
officers is a great score for the
Japanese moderates.

In Nanking, too, the disastrous-
ness of perpetual bad blood with
Japan has long been evident to the
best minds.

Here, surely, is room for that
time-honoured institution, of the
Far East, a go-between and medi-
ator. Great Britain has many
friends both in China and Japan.
If Sir Frederick Leith-Ross's
mission leads, as it might well do,
to the dispelling of the deadly sus-
picions which cloud every Far
Eastern prospect, there is no nation
that will not be benefited.

PORT SAID POLICE ON THE ALERT

Counter-Demonstration By Anti-Italians

Cairo, August 27.

The police authorities of Port Said are taking extensive precautionary measures to prevent clashes between the Italian Fascists and the anti-Italian quarters on arrival of the Italian troop steamer, Saturnia on which the two sons as well as the son-in-law of Mussolini are sailing for East Africa.

It is expected that at least one thousand Fascists will gather at the quay to greet the relatives of Duce, and as the anti-Italian section of the population has already signified its intention to stage a counter-demonstration, trouble may easily result.

The traffic through the Suez Canal again assumed extraordinary dimensions during the week-end. Between Saturday and Monday no fewer than seventeen Italian ships, including a cruiser and destroyer, went through the Canal. Thirteen southward bound ships carried five thousand troops as well as war material of every description, while those sailing in a northerly direction had on board soldiers who fell in East Africa.—Transocean Kuo Min.

Paris, Aug. 27. The Italo-Abyssinian conflict will be discussed by the government at Elysee Palace on Wednesday morning. The cabinet council which will be presided over by the President of the French Republic, M. Laval, will hear M. Laval's report on the present situation as well as what measures have been taken by the French Government so far for a peaceful settlement of the conflict.

"Le Jour" declares that some ministers are demanding sanctions against Italy, while others including M. Flandin, expressed a wish that co-operation with Britain should be continued and be made even closer.

"In any case it is certain," says the paper, "that the attitude to be adopted by France at the forthcoming League of Nations meeting will be thoroughly elucidated by M. Laval."

Transocean Kuo Min.

STATEMENT BY EMPRESS

Addis Ababa, Aug. 27. The Empress of Abyssinia will emulate the example set by the late Empress Taitu, who followed her imperial husband into battle at Adowa in which the Italians were defeated by Emperor Menelik, if war breaks out between Italy and Abyssinia.

"For 16 days I have fasted and prayed for peace," the Empress told a foreign newspaper correspondent in an interview. "I am asking all women of the world to join me in my prayers. But if war should break out in spite of all our wishes, I will be the first to summon the people for resistance against the invaders. I will do the same as the late Empress Taitu."

Transocean Kuo Min.

MARCONI TO ASSIST

Rome, Aug. 27. It is understood that Signor Mussolini is calling up the famous scientist and inventor, Marconi, for service in his special field in accordance with the plan to have the best experts in every department concerned in the Abyssinian campaign.—Reuter.

ITALIAN CABINET

Paris, Aug. 27. A meeting of the Italian Cabinet in the manoeuvre zone is now definitely fixed to take place at Bolzano at 4 p.m. to-morrow. The object explained in Rome is to deal with purely administrative matters, but it is reported in Paris that the Cabinet will be asked to take important decisions in regard to finance.

A Rome message states that Marshal Balbo, the former Italian Air Chief, who is at present in Paris on what is stated to be a purely private visit, is expected at Bolzano shortly to attend the manoeuvres.—Reuter.

BOMBERS OVER GREECE

Athens, Aug. 27. It is learned that the Emperor of Ethiopia has protested to Greece against the passage of Italian bombers over that country. Greece has replied that she is unable to prevent it as Italy is not at war.—Reuter.

BRITISH GARRISONS

London, August 28. In accordance with the plans made by the War Office to give effect to the decision to bring the establishments of the garrisons at Malta and Aden into line with modern conditions, which was announced in Parliament when the estimates were presented early this year, the transport "Neuraha" will sail from Southampton on Tuesday next, with twelve hundred troops for Malta.

The usual garrisoning arrangements in peace time provide for

married men to be accompanied if desired by their wives and children, and in the present case about eighty families will sail with the men on the "Neuraha."

The transport is expected back at Southampton by October 2, to take her place with the other four transports now in Southampton docks, in the troop seasons' normal schedule.—British Wireless.

COMING LEAGUE MEETING

London, August 26. The Foreign Secretary, Sir Samuel Hoare, who left London for the week-end, and the Minister of the League of Nations Affairs, Mr. Anthony Eden who has been on a holiday in the North, are returning to London to-morrow and will remain at work at the Foreign Office until League meetings take them to Geneva next month.

Pressure of business will not allow Sir Samuel Hoare to go to the meeting of the Council on September 4, when Mr. Eden will be the British Representative, but the Foreign Secretary will reach Geneva in time for the opening of the assembly at which, as already announced, he will lead the British Delegation.—British Wireless.

NO BLUFFING

Paris, Aug. 26. Those in France and elsewhere, but especially in Britain, who imagine that Mussolini is bluffing, will be forced to admit they are wrong after reading Mussolini's declaration to the "Daily Mail." This is the view expressed in semi-official circles.

It is said, authorities continue, that if sanctions are voted against Italy she will immediately leave the League and that whoever applies them will be met by Italy's armed hostility. The Italian attitude, say the French, lends support to the argument of Paris diplomats, who deprecate recourse to sanctions.

The French policy remains: no stone shall be left unturned by France in trying to localise the conflict and maintain as far as possible a friendly understanding between Paris, London and Rome. Above all it is the aim of French statesmen to prevent the spreading of the inevitable hostilities in Africa to Europe; this source asserts.—Reuter.

SANCTIONS SUPPORTED

Paris, Aug. 26. Labour has a different view of the case. "The whole Covenant, and nothing but the Covenant," is the slogan of these organisations. A mixed committee representing the International Syndical Federation of Socialist Workers International has confirmed the resolution demanding that the League Covenant and peace treaties shall be respected in every part. The resolution supports the ultimate imposition of sanctions against Italy if she makes war upon Abyssinia.

This powerful French organisation has appealed to all kindred bodies to organise demonstrations in France and abroad.—Reuter.

ALLEGED HOSTILITY

Rome, Aug. 26. It is understood that Mussolini's memorandum to the League will be an enormous document, detailing alleged Ethiopian hostility and aggression over a long period of years, together with photographs.—Reuter.

INDIANS ARRESTED

Aden, Aug. 28. According to reports from Massawa, fifteen Indians, all



Guglielmo Marconi, Italian scientist and inventor, is being enlisted in the campaign against Abyssinia. During the Great War he was in charge of wireless operations for the Italian Government and rendered valuable service.

of them British subjects, have been arrested by the Italian authorities following the alleged despatch of message to Aden advising business associates not to ship further merchandise to Massawa.—Reuter.

ADDIS ABABA EXODUS

Paris, Aug. 26. Apparently prompted by the continued exodus of foreigners from Abyssinia, the Bank of Ethiopia has announced the suspension of the sale of foreign currency "since die," according to a French report from Addis Ababa. Departures from Addis Ababa are occurring daily.

The Italian Legation continues to remove its archives and the foreign shop-keepers are making inventories of their goods, which they are communicating to their respective Legations.

Meanwhile, the Emperor of Ethiopia has decided to create a Legation in the Imamate of Yemen, across the Red Sea.—Reuter.

ITALY'S CASE

Rome, Aug. 26. The Government is now preparing a detailed statement of the Italian case against Abyssinia to present to the League Council. The Council meets on September 4.

Official quarters are reticent regarding the reason for calling an extraordinary meeting of the Cabinet at Bolzano, stating that only administrative questions will be discussed and that the Ethiopian and other questions of national importance will not be introduced. But it would be in keeping with Mussolini's sense of the dramatic that he should make some pronouncement regarding his intentions in Ethiopia while surrounded by his troops in North Italy.

He will be at Bolzano in connection with the great army manoeuvres to be held on the north frontiers.—Reuter.

MOCK AIR RAID

Bolzano, Aug. 26. The frontier army manoeuvres are being carried out in almost tropical rain. Mussolini was here for a mock air raid on the town.—Reuter.

REPLY TO BRITAIN?

Rome, Aug. 26. According to newspaper reports, Rear Admiral Ciano has telegraphed the Government asking to be recalled to service wherever the threat on Italy's waters is the greatest.

This is interpreted as a reply to the reported movements of British warships, especially in the Malta area, which have been given great prominence in the Italian press.—Reuter.

MUSSOLINI'S COMMANDMENTS

Rome, Aug. 26. Signor Mussolini gave ten commandments to the Fascist divisions which embarked for Naples on Sunday for East Africa, which included his two sons and son-in-law.

The principle admonishments were: "If Duce never makes a mistake. Obey since all orders come from him. Fight, because you are certain of victory. When cannon fire begins, all the Black shirts will see the mighty figure of a warrior projected on the sky, thus all the Black shirts splendid and awe inspiring will smash every resistance with the sovereign contempt for danger."

Transocean Kuo Min.

EMERGENCY COUNCIL

Rome, Aug. 28. Considerable sensation has been caused here by the news that Signor Mussolini summoned an emergency Council of Ministers at Bolzano for Wednesday

U.S. PROTEST NOTE TO MOSCOW

Situation Viewed By Berlin Journal

(Special to "Hong Kong Daily Press")
(By Telegraph, Copyright, Telegraphic Messages Ordinance, 1894. Received, August 27, 4.30 p.m.)

Berlin, August 27. The United States protest note to the Soviet Union is termed an "unusual procedure in international relations" by the official inspired Diplomatish Politisch Korrespondenz which declares that both as regards sharpness of tone and decisive phraseology it represents a step which generally only is resorted to when all other means for reaching an understanding have failed.

From the fact that the United States Government decided to hand such a sharp note, it can be deduced that such is actually the case goes on the Korrespondenz, and that after exhausting all other methods Washington was finally compelled to take action of such far-reaching character almost constituting an ultimatum.

With the declaration in the note that infringement has been

SILVER MARKET

(From Our Own Correspondent)

London, August 27. London silver prices to-day were unchanged for "Spot" and down 1/16 for Forward as follows:—

	Aug. 26	Aug. 27
Spot	29	29
Forward	29	28-15/16

London on New York cross-rate at 2.00 p.m. to-day was 4.9793 as compared with 4.9775 at closing yesterday.

All the Ministers are already at Bolzano in order to take an active part in the Army manoeuvres, and it is assumed in political circles here that Duce has taken this unusual step in order to discuss the urgent economical and political measures necessitated by the present situation.—Transocean Kuo Min.

ITALIAN MANOEUVRES

Milan, Aug. 26. The great Italian manoeuvres near the northern frontier began on Sunday, when the first of the encounters took place between the northern attacking "Blue" and the southern defending "Red" armies near Trieste and Bolzano. The feature of these manoeuvres, which was attended by the King, is the extensive use of mechanised artillery and other mechanised units.

Mussolini arrived at Bolzano at midday on Monday, driving from the station standing up in an open car, amidst the plaudits of the population through streets decorated with inscriptions, such as "The whole of Italy stands at Brenner, pass with all the living and all the dead." "There's room for all in Africa." "We have old scores to settle."

Mussolini arrived at Bolzano at midday on Monday, driving from the station standing up in an open car, amidst the plaudits of the population through streets decorated with inscriptions, such as "The whole of Italy stands at Brenner, pass with all the living and all the dead." "There's room for all in Africa." "We have old scores to settle."

AIR RAID PRECAUTIONS

Addis Ababa, Aug. 26. Further precautions for the event of an outbreak of hostilities, have been taken by the authorities here in view of the new large troop transports and munitions landed at Massawa.

Orders were given on Monday for the equipment of several dressing stations in the capital, while it is expected that bomb proof roof for cellars will also be constructed.

Following recent instructions for the populations' behaviour during an air raid issued personally by the Emperor, large air raid drills will be organised throughout Abyssinia as far as possible next week.—Transocean Kuo Min.

BAIBO VISITS PARIS

Paris, Aug. 26. The ex-Italian Air Minister, Air Marshal Balbo, who is now the Governor General of the North African colony of Tripoli, arrived here on Monday in an Italian airplane.

Balbo was welcomed at the airport by General Denain, representing the French Air Force, in addition to members of the Italian Embassy, but it is stated that his visit to Paris is purely of a private nature.—Transocean Kuo Min.

made of the treaty which was the basis for establishment of diplomatic relations between the two countries as well as a threat to the rupture of these relations, the Government not only reveals tension between Washington and Moscow but also leaves no doubt as to its determination not to allow the United States to be used in the field of operations for the Comintern's plans for world revolution.

These plans, continues the semi-official organ, have been openly proclaimed at the recent congress at Moscow where the responsible authorities maintained putting it mildly, an attitude of benevolent non-interference, thus showing they value the Comintern's plans for agitation higher than the guarantees they have given for international good conduct.—Transocean Kuo Min.

MORE PROTESTS

Paris, August 27. The British, Latvian and Italian Governments had already protested to the Soviet Union against the speeches at the Comintern congress inciting interference in their domestic affairs before the United States note was handed over, according to the Moscow correspondent of the Paris New York Herald. These protests were, however, verbal and not published.

The British ambassador, it is stated, called on Krestinski on August 19 and protested particularly against the Bulgarian revolutionary Dimitroff's speech urging the British communists to join with the labour party in order to overthrow the National Government.

The Russian public knows nothing about the United States protest note, adds the paper's correspondent, the Soviet press having hitherto maintained complete silence in this connection.—Transocean Kuo Min.

SOVIET HELPS BACK

Washington, Aug. 27. M. Trotsky, Soviet Ambassador to the United States, has replied to the State Department's protest against the speeches at the Moscow congress of the Comintern by making counter-charges against the United States.

He declares that the sentiments expressed at Moscow by "the American delegation to the congress are insignificant, as compared with the continual anti-Soviet propaganda in America, and added that the Soviet would reply to the State Department's protest.—Reuter.

GRAND DUCHY OF LUXEMBOURG

Relations With Soviet

(Special to "Hong Kong Daily Press")
(By Telegraph, Copyright, Telegraphic Messages Ordinance, 1894. Received, August 27, 4.30 p.m.)

Paris, August 27. Diplomatic relations were established between the Soviet Union and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg on Monday by the medium of letters exchanged between the Charge d'Affaires of the respective countries in Paris.—Transocean Kuo Min.

HITLER ATTENDS MANOEUVRES

(Special to the "Hong Kong Daily Press") (Copyright.)

Kiel, Aug. 26. After a brief stay for one day in the capital, Herr Hitler flew on Monday to Kiel in order to attend the target practice which the German Navy is carrying out during the present week.

The Chancellor was received at the airport by the War Minister Blomberg, and Air Minister Goering, and the Commander of the Naval Forces, Admiral Raeder, in addition to other high army and naval officers.

After reviewing the guard of honour, Hitler went on board the flag ship and the fleet steamed out of the harbour.—Transocean Kuo Min.



SOLE AGENTS:—

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

DOOR CLOSED TO BOTH

Italian Frindship With Japan

Rome, Aug. 26.

A striking plea for Italo-Japanese understanding was made to-day in the "Giornale d'Italia," commenting on the telegram sent from Tokyo to the effect that public opinion was coming round to a better understanding of the Italian viewpoint with regard to Ethiopia.

The paper declares it is impossible for Italy and Japan to be at loggerheads in view of the fact that their development is along similar lines. Both need new territory so the growing populations can expand and find natural riches denied them at home.

Both found the door shut to them after the Great War, and both found themselves faced with the resistance of the League of Nations, which denied them the right to fulfil the needs of a dynamic population.

The identical nature of the Italian and Japanese problems must lead the nations to political solidarity, the paper pursues the theme, they must be united against opposing forces. Italy's action in Ethiopia would in no way interfere with the interests of Japan because Italy seeks in Ethiopia only security, and territories open to work and trade with civilised nations, and not monopolies and closed doors. Still less would these doors be closed for reasons of race.—Reuter.

U.S. COTTON LOAN PROVISIONS

Washington, Aug. 27.

The 10 per cent. cotton loan applies to seven-eighths inch low, middling or better and will only be made for such cotton. This reduces by about 200,000 bales the amount eligible for a loan.

Payments will be made on the average price at ten spot markets on the day the cotton is sold rather than upon four months average, and this applies to all sales of 1935 cotton, including those already made.—Reuter.

BRITISH EDUCATION REPORT

London, August 26.

According to a report of the Board of Education just issued, the total number of children attending public elementary schools last year was 5,576,712, and there were 448,421 in secondary schools. This steady progress has been made with the reorganisation of the elementary school system, which has been proceeding for some years on the lines of "Hadow."

Considerable progress has also been made during the year by the local authorities in the replacement of old, and the provision of new premises. During the last nine months of 1934, the Board approved of the building proposals involving a capital expenditure of £2,440,212, which is greater by £285,878 than the total approved for the full financial year of 1933-1934.—British Wireless.

AIR RESCUE ATTEMPT

Men Marooned In Icefield

(Special to the "Hong Kong Daily Press") (Copyright.)

(By Telegraph, Copyright, Telegraphic Messages Ordinance, 1894. Received, August 27, 7.30 p.m.)

Copenhagen, Aug. 27. The Danish pilot, Naval Lieutenant Rasmussen, started on Tuesday morning in a daring attempt to bring aid to four Danish trappers from the Greenland ship Godthaab who in a motor boat are in the grip of ice and drifting southwards. Rasmussen is accompanied by Lieutenant Reeman's observer and a mechanic also named Rasmussen is making a bold but risky attempt to fly 2,500 kilometres in a single-motored machine and over a route where bad weather conditions can be expected.

During the night alarming radio messages were received, the first reading: "Situation for motor boat critical; every hour precious for Christian Jensen." The second radiogram stated that Jensen was suffering from scurvy.

For the last three years Jensen has been on duty uninterruptedly off the Greenland coast. His three companions in the motor boat have had no food in the last five days.

The last report from Rasmussen received at six o'clock gave the position south east of Norway and reported good weather conditions. The position shows that the intended average of 150 kilometres per hour is being maintained.—Transocean Kuo Min.

JAPANESE EMIGRATION NEGOTIATIONS

London, Aug. 27.

The "Daily Herald" gives prominence to an article asserting that the Japanese Government is preparing to open diplomatic negotiations with Britain, Holland and other Powers with the idea of securing emigration rights in the Pacific for her surplus population, and adds that it is thought that if Japan saw some prospect of her emigration needs being met she might be prepared to modify her attitude over naval armaments.—Reuter.

ANOTHER RESIGNATION

Nanking, Aug. 27.

Taking the responsibility for the recent scandal in which a member of the Control Yuan attempted to influence the Court in a case of embezzlement, the Vice-Chairman of the Control Yuan, Ting Wei-fen, has tendered his resignation to the Central Executive Council.—Reuter.

NARROW ESCAPE FOR PENG YU HSIAO

Shanghai, Aug. 27.

Japanese reports state that Peng Yu Hsiang narrowly escaped assassination by the railway guard yesterday while distributing food to food refugees at Tai An. The guard suddenly opened fire against Peng, whose bodyguard replied, injuring ten persons.—Reuter.

LEAGUE TENNIS

Inter-Club Match

On the C.R.C. Courts yesterday, the "A" and "B" teams of that Club played off their league engagement in the "A" Division, the result being a win for the "A" team by 5 sets to 3. It was a very enjoyable affair and with due respect to the losers it must be said that their clubmates treated the game more in the nature of a practice match than a league encounter.

The scores were:—

T. Kwok and K. C. Ng (C.R.C. "B")	
lost to Tsui Wai Pul and W. C. Hung	2-6
beat D. C. Luk and S. W. Wong	4-4
drew with T. L. Lu and T. C. Lu	6-8
F. K. Lau and E. Leung (C.R.C. "B")	
drew with Tsui and Hung	6-6
drew with D. C. Luk and S. W. Wong	6-6
lost to T. L. Lu and T. C. Lu	3-8
S. W. Liang and F. H. Kwok (C.R.C. "B")	
lost to Tsui and Hung	5-7
lost to Luk and Wong	3-8
beat Lu and Lu	6-4

RECREIO "A" WIN

At the Club de Recreio courts yesterday, the home team beat the U.S.R.C. by 5 sets to 3 in an "A" Division tennis game.

Considering the fact that the match was an "A" division game the standard of play was very poor. A. V. Remedios and J. Goncalves were the strongest pair, winning all their three sets. F. J. Remedios and F. A. Barros played poorly, dropping two sets and playing to a tie in the third. D. Perse and I. Johnson caused a surprise by beating A. V. Goncalves and C. A. Barretto, considered as one of the strongest pairs for the home team, six games to nil. The results were:—

A. V. Remedios and J. Goncalves (Recreio "A")	
beat A. L. Withington and H. Tollington	6-2
beat J. D. Milne and Major Moulson	6-2
beat D. Perse and I. Johnson	6-0
A. V. Goncalves and C. A. Barretto (Recreio "A")	
beat A. L. Withington and H. Tollington	5-1
beat J. D. Milne and Major Moulson	6-0
lost to D. Perse and I. Johnson	0-6
F. J. Remedios and F. A. Barros (Recreio "A")	
lost to A. L. Withington and H. Tollington	1-6
drew with J. D. Milne and Major Moulson	6-6
lost to D. Perse and I. Johnson	4-6

C.C.C. BEAT RECREIO

Playing a good standard of tennis throughout in a gruelling contest, the Craignower C.C. defeated the Recreio "B" team in a League encounter on their own courts yesterday at Happy Valley. Each of the home teams secured two of the three sets to emerge worthy winners by 6 sets to three. The scores were:—

J. W. Leonard and G. Lai (C.C.C.)	
beat L. A. Silva and J. J. Remedios	3-0
beat H. A. Noronha and W. Reed	6-4
lost to L. F. V. Ribeiro and B. T. Gosano	5-7
Y. Rachluma and R. Choa (C.C.C.)	
lost to Silva and Remedios	3-6
beat Noronha and Reed	7-5
beat Ribeiro and Gosano	6-4
F. R. Zimmer and A. B. Hamson (C.C.C.)	
lost to Silva and Remedios	5-7
beat Noronha and Reed	6-3
beat Ribeiro and Gosano	6-2

C.R.C. BEATEN

In a "D" Division tennis match at the C.R.C. courts the home team were beaten by C.R.C. by 3 sets to 6.

Both were of about the same calibre but the Chinese got the victory through receiving three bye sets. R. J. Walker and C. Blum not putting in an appearance. The results were as follows:—

J. E. Freeman and L. E. Kirby (C.R.C.)	
lost to D. F. Lee and E. P. Chan	2-6
beat D. K. Leung and Y. K. Fung	6-3
lost to L. F. Tina and W. C. Choy	1-6
A. Philipson and B. Soltan (C.R.C.)	
lost to D. F. Lee and E. P. Chan	3-6
beat D. K. Leung and Y. K. Fung	6-4
lost to L. F. Tina and W. C. Choy	6-3
R. J. Walker and C. Blum (C.R.C.)	
bye D. F. Lee and E. P. Chan	
bye D. K. Leung and Y. K. Fung	
bye L. F. Tina and W. C. Choy	

LOWEST SCORE OF SEASON

Yorks All Out For 31

(Special Air Mail Service)

London, Aug. 8.

In an astonishing morning's play at Huddersfield yesterday Yorkshire gained the doubtful distinction in their match against Essex of making the lowest score of the season. They were all out in their first innings for 31 runs. Five batsmen—and Leyland was one of them—did not make a run, and actually Wood was the highest scorer with 13. Before half-past 12 Yorkshire were in the field. Essex themselves did not open their innings too soundly, but then Nichols who had worked such havoc as a bowler, came to the rescue and scored 146 runs of a total of 334, and now Essex are in a happy position indeed.

The collapse of Yorkshire was brought about completely by the two fast bowlers, E. D. Read and Nichols, who, finding the pitch to their liking, were almost unplayable. Read began it all by taking the first four wickets, those of Barber, Sellers, Leyland, and P. A. Gubb, in 15 minutes, with only seven runs on the board. Then Nichols had Sutcliffe caught at the wicket and Hutton was bowled first ball, so that six men were out for nine before Turner and Wood made the only suggestion of resistance in the innings by adding 18.

Three wickets, however, fell at 27, and after Bowes had hit the first ball he received for 4 he was soon sent back. The bowling figures of Nichols and Read tell their own tale: Read took six wickets for 17, while naturally they deserve the highest praise—they beat their opponents by sheer pace—it is apparent that the Yorkshire batsmen have rarely played so poorly. It was their smallest total since scoring 28, against Surrey at the Oval in 1909, and their 30 against Kent in 1885 is the only other lower total in the history of the club.

FIGHTING PARTNERS

Essex even had time to bat for 45 minutes before luncheon and they lost Sheffield and Wilcox before they went ahead, while half the side were out for 65. Then Nichols and B. H. Belle began a fighting partnership which enabled Essex to gain an overwhelming advantage. In marked contrast to the success of Nichols and Read as bowlers, Bowes bowled only medium pace and gave the Essex batsmen little trouble. Indeed the first four Essex wickets fell to slow bowling.

All his regular bowlers had failed him, so Sellers put on Leyland, who promptly broke up the great stand between Nichols and Belle by having Belle caught. Altogether Nichols and Belle had made 174 for the sixth wicket in three hours and 10 minutes. Both combined sure defence with powerful hitting and Belle had seven 4's in his 63. If fortunate at times, Nichols reached heights of brilliance: Early in his innings he hit Turner over the square leg boundary for 6, and later he straight drove Verity for 8, besides having five 4's in two overs from Leyland. He offered a chance of being stumped off Verity when 41 and when 99 he was extremely lucky to see Verity miss a simple catch in the slips off Bowes.

During the last hour Nichols, with Eastman and R. Smith, attacked the bowling vigorously and he was ninth out at 331. He had hit two 6's and 16 4's. Altogether Essex took four and three-quarter hours in putting together their big total, and to-day Yorkshire face the tremendous task of getting 303 runs to avoid an innings defeat.

Score:—

YORKSHIRE—First Innings	
Sutcliffe, c. Sheffield, b. Nichols	4
Barber, c. Wilcox, b. Read	1
A. R. Sellers, c. Wilcox, b. Read	2
Leyland, b. Read	0
P. A. Gubb, c. Rist, b. Read	0
Turner, c. Sheffield, b. Read	4
Hutton, b. Nichols	0
Wood, c. Read, b. Nichols	13
Flahar, b. Read	0
Verity, not out	0
Bowes, c. Rist, b. Nichols	4
Bye, 1; 1-b, 1; n-b, 1	3
Total	31

ESSEX—First Innings	
Sheffield, c. Verity	5
Eastman, c. Gubb, b. Verity	86
R. Smith, c. Wood, b. Turner	2
D. R. Wilcox, c. Wood, b. Turner	25
Outman, c. Wood, b. Fisher	6
O'Connor, b. Fisher	1
Nichols, c. Hutton, b. Bowes	146

SURREY AT THE OVAL

(Special Air Mail Service)

London, Aug. 8.

Thanks to splendid batting by Sandham and Barling, Surrey, saved the follow-on against Notts at the Oval. Surrey's ninth wicket fell at 264, but Parker and Gover then took part in an unbroken last-wicket stand that has so far produced 63 runs. When stumps were pulled up Surrey were 70 behind, with a wicket to fall.

Notts took their Saturday's total of 345 for eight wickets to 399, and then did so well in the field that by the tea interval they had captured half the Surrey wickets for 197.

Some idea how Surrey had to fight for runs may be seen in the fact that Larwood's first six overs were maidens. Wilson batted with great resolution in getting 30 out of 62 for the first wicket in 83 minutes, and after Holmes was beaten by a splendid off-break, 81 Sandham and Barling doubled the score in 53 minutes before being parted.

Out to a simple catch at short-leg, Sandham played uselessly for two hours 40 minutes to score his 82 out of 162. Only four runs were added when Fashlock left, lbw to the experimental rule, and at 192 Fender paid the penalty of playing at a ball pitched wide of the off stump.

Barling's innings was a mixture of aggression and defence, and when he had completed 51 out of 115 in 80 minutes, his scoring strokes were eight 4's and 19 singles. Garland-Well's stayed 40 minutes, scoring 14 of the 45 added for the sixth partnership, but Bartlett, the left-hander, was bowled second ball in playing back.

Barling's invaluable innings was closed by a fine ball from Woodhead. He defied the attack for nearly two hours, hitting 72 out of 136. Twelve 4's, a two and 22 singles were among his figures.

A single by Parker converted into a five by an overthrow enabled Surrey to save the follow-on with two wickets in hand, and after Brooks had left Parker and Gover took part in a productive last-wicket stand.

NOTTINGHAMSHIRE

Keeton, c. Brooks, b. Gover	13
Harris, c. Parker, b. G. Wells	69
Walker, c. b. Fender	33
Hardstaff, hit wkt., b. Gover	2
Staples, c. Parker, b. Holmes	46
Lilley, c. Brooks, b. Fender	18
Knowles, c. Gover, b. Parker	34
G. F. H. Heane, c. b. Fender	77
Larwood, b. Gover	43
Voice, c. Fashlock, b. Fender	31
Woodhead, not out	5
Bye, 10; 1-b, 15; n-b, 1	26
Total	399

SURREY

Sandham, c. Knowles, b. Voice	82
Wilson, lbw, b. Voice	30
E. R. T. Holmes, b. Staples	8
Barling, b. Woodhead	72
Fashlock, lbw (n), b. Voice	4
P. G. H. Fender, c. Lilley, b. Voice	8
H. M. Garland-Well's, c. Lilley, b. Staples	14
H. T. Bartlett, b. Staples	0
Parker, not out	56
Brooks, c. Voice, b. Staples	14
Gover, not out	21
Bye, 8; 1-b, 11; n-b, 1	20
Total (9 wkts.)	329

(n) signifies lbw under new rule

NOTTINGHAMSHIRE—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Gover	34	8	35	3
Parker	28	9	77	—
Holmes	16	2	54	1
Fender	36.3	4	132	4
G. Wells	12	2	21	1
Gover, bowled one no-ball				
B. H. Belle, c. Verity, b. Leyland	63			
Eastman, c. Gubb, b. Bowes	23			
Smith (F.), b. Bowes	5			
Smith (R.), not out	18			
H. D. Read, c. Wood, b. Verity	0			
Bye, 24; 1-b, 13	37			
Total	334			

BOWLING ANALYSIS

YORKSHIRE—First Innings	
	O. M. R. W.
Nichols	64 2 47 4
Read	124 1 21 6
ESSEX—First Innings	
	O. M. R. W.
Bowes	37 2 97 3
Turner	16 6 41 1
Verity	24.2 4 79 3
Fisher	25 3 62 2
Leyland	5 0 28 1

UMPIRES—Walden and Chester

AQUATICS

Lincoln Sports

At the Y.M.C.A. Bath yesterday the Lincolnshire Regiment held their annual "Aquatic Swimming Sports" which produced some thrilling finishes. There was a large and enthusiastic attendance and among those present were Major Thoyts, acting C.O., Capt. Pensach and R. S. M. Segon.

The Aggregate Cup was captured by H.Q. Wing with 24 points while "A" Company came second with 23 points. The High Diving was keenly fought out and some good dives were executed. The swimming was not of a very high standard but every event was keenly contested with the result that some close finishes were seen, especially the Inter-Coy. Relay which was won by H.Q. Wing with "A" Company a second behind. When they won the relay H.Q. Wing got the necessary point for the Cup.

The results were:—

25 Yards (Freestyle)—1, Pte. Lockett, "A" Coy.; 2, Drm. Allison, H.Q.; 3, L/Cpr. Efford, "A".	
Boy's Race (50 Yards): 1, Boy Selby; 2, Witlock; 3, Walford.	
150 Yards (Freestyle)—1, Pte. Lockett, "A" Coy.; 2, Drm. Allison, H.Q.; 3, Pte. Jackson, "B" Coy.	

Long Plunge—1, L/Cpr. Yeomans, H.Q.; 2, Pte. Boydell, "B" Coy.; 3, L/Cpr. Carter, H.Q.

150 Yards (3 Styles)—1, L/Cpr. Efford, "A" Coy.; 2, Cpr. Chikien, "A" Coy.; 3, Sign. Steele, H.Q.

High Diving—1, Drm. Rush, H.Q.; 2, Pte. Price, "D"; 3, Sgt. Malpas, "D".

Inter-Coy. Relay—1, H.Q. Wing; 2, "A" Company; 3, "B" Company.

U.S. BASEBALL

New York Teams Beaten

New York, Aug. 28.

Once again the New York Baseball outfits had a bad time today when the Giants lost to the Pittsburgh Pirates in the National League and the Yankees were beaten by the Chicago White Sox in the American League.

The Yankees were scheduled to play the White Sox a double header but the second match had to be abandoned after the seventh inning owing to the first match taking fifteen innings.

The Detroit Tigers, present leaders of the American League, were also engaged in a double header, the winners for which they shared with the Philadelphia Athletics.

Results of to-day's matches follow:—

NATIONAL LEAGUE

	R.	H.	E.
Cincinnati	3	13	2
Brooklyn	2	11	1
(Herman scored a home run for the Reds.)			
Pittsburgh	10	15	0
New York	2	11	1
(Traynor, Badden and Jensen each scored a home run for the Pirates.)			

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	7	18	2
Detroit	13	17	1
(Jimmy Fox and Roy Johnson scored home runs for the Athletics.)			

SOCCER HITCH AT IPOH

Ipo, Aug. 21.

A hitch has occurred in connection with the proposed visit of the South China footballers to Ipo, the Perak Football Association refusing to approve a match between the visitors and the Perak Chinese unless 15 per cent. of the gate collection is handed over to the P.F.A.

The Chinese on principle object to paying, stating that the ground is their own and that the money is required for meeting the expenses of the visiting team, the surplus to be used for reduction of the deficit in expenses incurred by Perak representation to the Chinese Olympiad at Peking.

The Chinese also state that they gave their ground to the P.F.A. for use for the Malaya Cup match against Selangor without charging a single cent, the Chinese going so far as to change the venue of the annual Perak Chinese sports to enable the P.F.A. to use the ground.

WORLD'S BANTAMWEIGHT CHAMPIONSHIP

New York, Aug. 27.

Lou Salvo of Brooklyn, won the world's bantamweight boxing championship when he gained the decision on points in a fifteen-round fight with Sixto Escobar, of Mexico, last night.

The match between Washington Senators and St. Louis Browns was postponed on account of rain.

Famous Castles:



"There's no sweeter Tobacco comes from Virginia and no better brand than the 'Three Castles.'"

—THE VINCENNES

Willis
Three Castles
Virginia Cigarettes

Famous FOR OVER 60 YEARS!

DANZIG DIET
MEETING

(Special to the "Hong Kong Daily Press" (Copyright).)

Danzig, Aug. 26.

The diplomatic and press galleries were densely packed in anticipation of the speech on the Gots policy by the senate President, Greiser when the Danzig diet met on Monday for the first plenary session after the summer recess.

The proceedings commenced by the election of the Nationalist Socialist deputy, Beyl as the new president of the diet by 442 to 23 votes.

After referring to the unpopular but necessary economy programme introduced by the Government, Greiser promised that the Danzig budget would be submitted to the house as soon as the effect of the present measures could be seen.

Since the introduction for the control of foreign currency, the position of the gulden had automatically improved, continued the speaker adding that the reserves in the Bank of Danzig had increased from 174 to 274 million gulden from July 15 to the present date.

Greiser then turned to Danzig's relations with Poland, stating that Danzig would never relinquish the independence of her currency or her bank issue. Poland itself through development of Port Gdynia, had deprived

CURRENCY LAW
OFFENCES

(Special to the "Hong Kong Daily Press" (Copyright).)

Berlin, Aug. 26.

The proceedings against a further twelve members of the Catholic Orders began in a special court here on Monday, the accused being charged with infringements of the laws controlling foreign currency involving a total of half a million marks.

Only nine appeared in court, the other three having already escaped abroad. All the accused are members of the Redemptorist order which comprises the monasteries in Bechum, Bonon, Göttingen, Winterberg, Aizlach, Apelle, Berlin, Trer and Helgenstadt.

The chief organisers of the systematic smuggling of foreign currency shares into Holland are stated to be procurator or business administrator of the order of affairs, Anton Walz and successor Wilhelmmandel as well as the Dutch member of the order, Bernhard Brinkman. The trial is expected to last three days.

Translated by Kuo Min.

Danzig, of important sources for foreign currency and thus prejudicial to the Free City's financial position. By permitting Poland to be used to full capacity, Poland increased Danzig's purchasing power and also her exports from Poland.

Translated by Kuo Min.

LESS MUI TSAI
IN F.M.S.

Singapore, August 22.
In his annual report for last year the Secretary for Chinese Affairs reveals that Mui Tsai in the F.M.S. has been reduced by one hundred.

The report states:—
The Mui Tsai Enactment, 1932, came into force on January 1, 1933. On January 1, 1934, the number of mui tsai registered was 463 in Perak, 478 in Selangor, 212 in Negri Sembilan and 64 in Pahang. The number remaining on the register at the end of the year was 432 in Perak, 439 in Selangor, 184 in Negri Sembilan and 62 in Pahang. There was no prosecution under the Enactment in 1934.

CHILD ACTORS

Sixteen licences for child actors and actresses were issued in Perak, seven in Selangor and four in Negri Sembilan. In Perak there was one prosecution with a conviction under section 3 (1) of the Enactment. In Selangor seven treatment of children were held.

DECEIT-HOSPITALS

The Protector of Chinese, Perak, is Secretary and Treasurer of the Chinese Deceit Hospitals Board, Perak.

The daily average number of inmates in the Taping Hospital was 342.70 as compared with 338.73 in 1933. The death-rate was 8.70 per cent as compared with 7.05 per cent. There were 105 admissions as against 115. The all-in cost per deceit per month was \$3.98 as compared with \$4.21 in 1933.

The sum invested on behalf of the Fund at the end of the year was \$51,157.12 as compared with \$54,382.12 in 1933 and the balance in hand on current account was \$5,538.76 as against \$3,711.57.

CHINESE LABOUR

The number of Chinese labourers employed on rubber estates of 25 acres and over at the end of the year was 44,831. This compares favourably with a total of 39,263 at the end of 1933.

Returns from the Mines Department show that 52,724 Chinese were employed as mining labourers at the end of 1934, compared with 41,547 at the end of 1933.

FLYING BOAT

Singapore, Aug. 20.
Delayed several days by a mishap which occurred near Rangoon, the Singapore III flying boat coming out to make up the strength of No. 205 (F.B.) Squadron at Seletar Station should reach Singapore this week.

Taking off from Rangoon for Mergal last week, the new plane struck, it is believed, a submerged object and in the air a tail strut broke off. The pilot, Squadron Leader W. N. Plenderleith, wisely decided to turn back. Headquarters at Singapore were advised and the necessary spares were sent by K.L.M. plane.

"ALL-RED" ROUTE

The plane is following an "all-red" route, with scheduled halts only at points under British control.

It is announced that No. 84 (Bomber) Squadron, will leave its station in Iraq on a flight to Singapore shortly, being due to reach Singapore on Oct. 16.

Air Commodore S. L. Gossage, senior Air Staff Officer in the Iraq Command, is accompanying the flight.

SCHOOL BOYS "GANG"

Ipo, Aug. 22.
After they had read stories of American gangsters' exploits, several students at Ipo schools decided to organize a "gang".

The gang's career of crime led to the inevitable clash with the police. Here the American pattern was dropped; instead of speckling Thompson guns and barbed wire, the only sound of battle was the wail of the siren and an occasional howl. This was not the kind of "hot-seat" they had read about in the gang books.

That the "gang" was the school head-boys with long-stained cheeks and new shoes, and the romance of racketeering.

Charged with theft at the Ipo court, they confessed their misdeeds, and were ordered to receive the rotan according to the extent of each one's guilt.

The boys' parents, who were in court, told the first magistrate that they were horrified to learn that their children belonged to a gang of thieves.

G.O.C. PRESENTS
AWARDS

His Excellency Lieutenant-General O. C. Borrett presented Long Service and Good Conduct Medals to a number of men at Wellington Barracks yesterday. The recipients of the medals were:

Sgt. Heavy Battery (R.A.)—M/Gnr. G. R. Ballin, H.Q.M.S. H. Dexter, Sgt. R. Champion, I. Sgt. F. Hall, Gnr. W. Smallwood, 1st Battalion, Litchfield's Regiment—C/Sgt. T. Darby, 2nd Battalion East Lancashire Regiment—Sgt. H. Draper, Hong Kong Brigade (R.E. and S. R. R.A.)—Sgt. H. Morris, Sgt. L. R. York, Gnr. Hashim Ali, Sher Zaman, Moman Khan, Royal Army Service Corps—Sgt. Sgt. A. L. Heighton.

ASTRA WINS THE
JUBILEE CUP

(Special Air Mail Service)

London, Aug. 8.

The King sailed in Britannia in the race for the big yacht. The race was won by Mr. H. F. Paul's Astra, which thus secures the Silver Jubilee Commemorative cup presented by the Royal Yacht Squadron for the highest aggregate of points in three races.

Astra started with a lead of four points by winning yesterday's race. To-day's victory gained for her the cup outright. She also won the £80 prize given by the town of Cowes.

Britannia, on her time allowance, was placed sixth.

Yankee, the American challenger, finished first after leading the whole way of the 30-mile course. Astra crossed the line less than three minutes after her, and won on her time allowance.

The Queen landed at East Cowes this afternoon with the Countess of Shaftesbury and the Hon. Gerald Chichester and

AROUND THE
COURTS

(Continued from Page 6)

Arrested at Upper Lascar Row, Lam Hon, 34, street coolie, pleaded guilty before Mr. Macfadyen in the Central Magistracy yesterday to a charge of the unlawful possession of a coat of wire, and was bound over. Inspector Smith prosecuted. The defendant was arrested by a district watchman.

N. Morgenstern, driver of private car No. 3122, appeared before Mr. W. Schofield, at the Central Magistracy yesterday, summoned for having driven his car without the front lights on in Hennessy Road on August 12 at 11.25 p.m. Traffic Sergeant Blackburn said the right front light was on, but the left was off. Defendant switched it on at his request. Mr. Schofield imposed a fine of \$5.

Li O'Sang, 35, unemployed, was sentenced to two months' hard labour by Mr. Wynne-Jones yesterday, when he appeared at the Kowloon Magistracy on a charge of stealing four pieces of leather valued at \$3.20, the property of the Kam-cheung, master of the Chung Wah leather suitcase firm. Inspector Ellis stated that defendant was arrested in Temple Street with the leather, which he admitted having stolen from the vacant ground opposite the Sham-shing Police Station, on which it had been left to dry. Defendant admitted a previous conviction.

Yeung Lai, 40, widow, was fined \$75 by Mr. Schofield in the Central Police Court yesterday when she admitted a charge of keeping the second floor of 189 Wellington Street as a lodging for prostitutes. Sub-Inspector B. Thorne prosecuted.

motorist to Hyde, where she visited an antique shop and made several purchases. Her Majesty returned to the Royal yacht for tea.

New
Health
for your Child

A Healthy Body
Strong Bones
Sound Teeth
and resistive
power against
infection.

Help your child in the critical years of rapid growth, to develop sturdy bones, healthy teeth, and a strong constitution. You can do this by providing him with an abundance of mineral nutrients, as contained in Kalzana.

"Many children of the irritable, nervous type, owe their state to a deficiency of organic salts. Such youngsters do well when the diet is reinforced by a well-retained mineral food such as Kalzana," writes the well-known expert on hygiene: Miss Kathleen Dane.

Kalzana will protect your child against the results of calcium deficiency such as: anemia, irritable nerves, weakness, rickets, and a tendency to develop tooth decay.

A course of Kalzana restores lost appetite, builds stamina in delicate bodies, and overcomes irritability in the highly-strung child. Make up your mind to start your boy or girl on a course of Kalzana to-day. Children like these palatable tablets, and you will soon be surprised at the all-around improvement in their health.

Kalzana

THE MINERAL FOOD FOR BETTER HEALTH

Obtainable at all Chemists and Stores.

THE JAPAN HOTEL ASSOCIATION.

(Associated with the FAIRMONT HOTEL COMPANY of the Pacific Coast and the UNITED HOTEL COMPANY of America.)

MEMBER HOTELS

(45 IN ALL.)

IN JAPAN		
ATAMI:— Asahi Hotel Mitsui Hotel	KOSHUEN (near Osaka and Kobe) Koshu Hotel Kobe:— Oriental Hotel Toyoko Hotel	NAGOYA:— Nagoya Hotel NARA:— Nara Hotel NIKKO:— Kasuga Hotel TOKYO:— Imperial Hotel Mitsui Hotel Okura Hotel Tokyo Railway Hotel UNZEN:— Kyushu Hotel Yokohama Hotel Shimoda Hotel Yokohama Hotel Grand
BEPPU (Kyuushu):— Kamachi Hotel CHUZENJI (Nikko):— Lakes Hotel Gifu:— Nagabara Hotel KAMAKURA:— Kamachi Hotel KAMIKOCHI (Japan Alps):— Kamachi Hotel KARUIZAWA:— Kamachi Hotel Kamachi Hotel	KYOTO:— Kyoto Hotel Mitsui Hotel Kyoto Station Hotel MATSUJIMA:— Park Hotel MIYAJIMA:— Miyajima Hotel MIYANOSHITA (Hakone):— Furuta Hotel Furuta Hotel	OSAKA:— Dorsey Hotel Hotel New Osaka Osaka Hotel OTSU (near Lake Biwa) Hotel Lake Biwa SAPPORO:— Sapporo Grand Hotel HOTEN (Mukden):— Yamato Hotel BYOJUN (Port Arthur):— Yamato Hotel

* Open in Summer Only.

For information, please apply to Secretary,
THE JAPAN HOTEL ASSOCIATION
Care of Traffic Bureau, DEPARTMENT OF RAILWAYS, TOKYO

Protect Your THROAT and CHEST

Always Keep A Bottle of PEP'S Handy!

"The Remedy You Breathe"



DIRECTORY & CHRONICLE

OF

CHINA, JAPAN, MALAYA, STRAITS SETTLEMENTS, BORNEO, SIAM,
PHILIPPINES, KOREA, INDO-CHINA, NETHERLANDS INDIA, ETC.

for 1935

PUBLISHED ANNUALLY SINCE 1862

AN ESSENTIAL REFERENCE BOOK
FOR ALL BUSINESSMEN

FEATURES
OF THE
DIRECTORY

COMPLETE ALPHABETICAL LIST OF
MERCHANTS, MANUFACTURERS, IM-
PORTERS & EXPORTERS FOR THE
WHOLE OF THE FAR EAST.

CLASSIFIED LIST OF TRADES & PRO-
FESSIONS, LISTS OF POWER STATIONS,
TIN MINES, SUGAR CENTRALS, COTTON,
OIL & FLOUR MILLS, SILK FILATURES,
ETC.

BUYERS GUIDE

SPECIAL ENGINEERING SECTION.
TREATIES.
TRADE REGULATIONS.
CUSTOMS TARIFFS.
LIST OF CABLE ADDRESSES.

USE THIS ORDER FORM

To THE HONGKONG DAILY PRESS, LTD.
11, FOR HOUSE ST. HONG KONG.

DIRECTORY & CHRONICLE OF CHINA, JAPAN, ETC.
1935 EDITION—\$12.00 PER COPY (PACKING & POSTAGE EXTRA)

PLEASE SEND US

COPIES OF THE 1935 EDITION

CANADIAN PACIFIC ANNOUNCES

World's Greatest Travel System

Sailings for 1936

	Hong Kong	Shanghai	Nagasaki	Kobe	Yokohama	Honolulu	Vancouver
	Leave	Leave	Leave	Leave	Leave	Leave	Arrive
E/Japan	Jan. 14	Jan. 16		Jan. 19	Jan. 21	Jan. 27	Feb. 1
E/Asia	Jan. 29	Jan. 31	Feb. 2	Feb. 4	Feb. 6	Feb. 25	Feb. 15
E/Canada	Feb. 11	Feb. 13		Feb. 16	Feb. 18	Feb. 25	Mar. 1
E/Russia	Feb. 26	Feb. 28	Mar. 1	Mar. 3	Mar. 5		Mar. 14
E/Japan	Mar. 6	Mar. 8		Mar. 11	Mar. 13	Mar. 19	Mar. 24
E/Asia	Mar. 20	Mar. 22	Mar. 24	Mar. 28	Mar. 30		April 4
E/Canada	April 3	April 5		April 8	April 10	April 17	April 19
E/Russia	April 17	April 19	April 21	April 23	April 25		May 4
E/Japan	May 1	May 3		May 6	May 8	May 14	May 19
E/Asia	May 15	May 17	May 19	May 21	May 23		June 1
E/Canada	May 29	May 31		June 3	June 5	June 12	June 17
E/Russia	June 12	June 14	June 16	June 18	June 20		June 29
E/Japan	June 26	June 28		July 1	July 3	July 9	July 14
E/Asia	July 10	July 12	July 14	July 16	July 18		July 27
E/Canada	July 24	July 26		July 29	July 31	Aug. 7	Aug. 12

Next Sailing to VANCOUVER
via SHANGHAI, JAPAN & HONOLULU
EMPRESS OF JAPAN
At Noon

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 6th.

Sailings to MANILA
EMPRESS OF JAPAN 5 P.M. Aug. 30th.
EMPRESS OF ASIA Sept. 14th.

Full information from your own Agent or

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Telephone: Passenger 20752. GACANPAC: Passenger Dept.
Freight 20042. NAUTIGUS: Freight Dept.
Canton Agents: JARDINE, MATHESON & CO. LTD.



GENERAL PASSENGER AGENTS IN THE ORIENT FOR CUNARD WHITE STAR LINE.

SAN FRANCISCO via Shanghai, Japan Ports and Honolulu.
ASAMA MARU ... Wednesday, 4th Sept.
CHOSHU MARU (Starts from Kobe) ... Tuesday, 8th Oct.
TATSUTA MARU ... Wednesday, 16th Oct.

SEATTLE & VANCOUVER.
HIYE MARU (Starts from Kobe) ... Monday, 16th Sept.
HEIAN MARU (Starts from Kobe) ... Monday, 30th Sept.

LONDON, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM
KATORI MARU ... Saturday, 31st Aug.
KASHIMA MARU ... Saturday, 14th Sept.
YASUKUNI MARU ... Friday, 27th Sept.

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila and Ports.
ATSUTA MARU ... Saturday, 28th Sept.
KAMO MARU ... Saturday, 16th Oct.

BOMBAY via Singapore, Penang and Colombo.
TOKIWA MARU ... Wednesday, 28th Aug.
CALCUTTA MARU ... Friday, 6th Sept.
ANYO MARU ... Wednesday, 11th Sept.

SOUTH AMERICA (West Coast) via Japan, Honolulu, Los Angeles, Mexico and Panama.
HEIYO MARU ... Monday, 9th Sept.

NEW YORK via Panama.
KONGO MARU ... Thursday, 28th Aug.
NABUTO MARU ... Tuesday, 10th Sept.

LIVERPOOL via Port Said, Beyrouth, Istanbul, Piraeus.
Genoa and Valencia.
LYONS MARU ... Saturday, 14th Sept.

CALCUTTA via Singapore, Penang and Rangoon.
HAKODATE MARU ... Thursday, 28th Aug.
GENOA MARU ... Sunday, 8th Sept.
MALACCA MARU ... Sunday, 16th Sept.

SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.
HAKONE MARU ... Friday, 30th Aug.
SUWA MARU ... Sunday, 16th Sept.
KAMO MARU (Nagasaki direct) ... Friday, 20th Sept.

† Cargo only.

Tel. 30291



FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

Sailings from Hong Kong:

To SHANGHAI — KOBE.

ATHOS II ... 7th Sept.
ANDRE LEBON ... 31st Sept.
MARGARET JOFFRE ... 5th Oct.
SPHINX ... 14th Oct.
CHERONORAU ... 2nd Nov.
D'ARTAGNAN ... 16th Nov.

To MARSEILLES via Saigon, Singapore, Colombo, Djibouti (Aden), Suez, Port Said.

CHERONORAU ... 28th Aug.
D'ARTAGNAN ... 10th Sept.
ATHOS II ... 24th Sept.
ANDRE LEBON ... 8th Oct.
MARGARET JOFFRE ... 22nd Oct.
SPHINX ... 5th Nov.

We can issue Through Tickets to Egypt, Syrian Ports, East Africa, Madagascar by Transshipment on our Mail Steamers at Port Said or Djibouti.

For Full Particulars, apply to—

Messageries Maritimes.

4, Queen's Building, 13

Shipping News

Daily Statement, Clearances, Ships in Harbour, etc.

YESTERDAY'S FREIGHT RETURNS

IMPORTS 10,900 TONS; THROUGH CARGO 8,600 TONS

The returns, shown at the Harbour Office of vessels carrying cargo to the Colony during the 24 hours ended at 9 a.m. yesterday were:

Cargo for Through H.K. Ports.

	British	French	American	Japanese
Kaituma	—	—	—	—
Whampoa	—	—	—	—
Newchwang	—	—	—	—
Amoy	310	1,117	—	—
Chung King	—	—	—	—
Canton	—	200	—	—
Helikon	—	—	—	—
Saigon	1,750	—	—	—
Kaying	—	—	—	—
Holhow	1,132	388	—	—
Pres. Lincoln	—	—	—	—
Manila	—	500	—	—
French Canton	—	—	—	—
Haiphong	510	—	—	—
Lt. St. Loubert	—	—	—	—
Bie Haiphong	508	2,061	—	—
Norwegian	—	—	—	—
Daviken	—	—	—	—
Canton	—	400	—	—
Danish	—	—	—	—
Mulnam	—	—	—	—
Holhow	413	—	—	—
Japanese	—	—	—	—
Shoun Maru	—	—	—	—
Tanaka	45	—	—	—
Ronsan Maru	—	—	—	—
Yinghao	3,830	—	—	—
Chinese	—	—	—	—
Stanley	—	—	—	—
Swabue	53	—	—	—
Kun Hsing	—	—	—	—
Hongay	720	2,000	—	—
Da Shing	—	—	—	—
Sandakan	1,800	2,000	—	—
Total	10,971	8,666	—	—

ASIATIC DECK PASSENGERS

The following vessels brought Asiatic deck passengers to the Colony during the 24 hours ended at 9 a.m. yesterday:

	Helikon (Br.)	Kaying (Br.)	Canton (Fr.)	Daviken (Nor.)	Mulnam (Dan.)	Stanley (Ch.)
Passengers	138	82	66	119	104	128
Total	727					

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES

The arrivals and departures during the period under review were:

	Arr.	Dep.
British	5	8
American	1	0
French	2	2
Norwegian	1	1
Danish	1	0
Japanese	2	3
Chinese	3	3
Total	15	17

ARRIVALS

27TH AUGUST.

Tokiwa Maru, Japanese steamer, 4,231 tons, Capt. T. Iwashita, from Yokohama via Shanghai, Kowloon Wharf—N. Y. K.

Ping Tai, Chinese steamer, 1,070 tons, Captain Bialse, from Canton, Stonecutters—Nan Shing & Co.

Sarpedon, British steamer, 8,917 tons, Captain A. Shaw, from Shanghai, buoy No. A7—B. & S.

Seistan, British steamer, 1,571 tons, Captain R. C. Creer, from Swatow—Douglas Wharf—Douglas & Co.

Chip Shing, British steamer, 1,109 tons, Captain F. Webster, from Sandakan, buoy No. B24—J. M. & Co.

Tin Seng, Chinese steamer, 943 tons, Captain Kwok Shau, from K. C. Wan, Saikong Wharf—Tal Fung & Co.

Klungchow, British steamer, 1,545 tons, Captain W. Christie, from Swatow, buoy No. B3—B. & S.

Daviken, Norwegian steamer, 1,748 tons, Captain G. Svane, from Canton, buoy No. B2—J. M. & Co.

Canton, French steamer, 976 tons, Captain G. Charlot, from Haiphong, buoy No. B12—M. M. & Co.

Kaying, British steamer, 1,572 tons, Captain J. D. Fraser, from Haiphong via Hoilhow, buoy No. B15—Butterfield and Swire.

Chung King, British steamer, 1,311 tons, Captain J. M. Hall, from Canton, buoy No. C2—B. & S.

Mao Lee, Chinese steamer, 1,209 tons, Captain S. Sano, from Canton, buoy No. B11—Yee Tai Hong.

26TH AUGUST.

Helikon, British steamer, 1,220 tons, Captain W. Anderson, from Saigon, buoy No. B4—Wo Fat Shing.

Newchwang, British steamer, 1,480 tons, Captain D. Williams, from Dairen via Amoy, buoy No. B20—B. & S.

Da Shing, Chinese steamer, 1,098 tons, Captain Semmelmann, from Samarinda via Sandakan, Yaumati—Kwong Sang Loong.

Van Heuts, Dutch steamer, 2,749 tons, Capt. D. J. Huller, from Singapore, Kowloon Wharf—J. C. J. Line.

CLEARANCES

27TH AUGUST.

Kaituma, for Pratas Island, Tangshan Maru, for Canton, Ninghai, for Shanghai, Tjlsdani, for Muntok, Ardent, for Bangkok.

Sarpedon, for Singapore, Newchwang, for Canton, Klungchow, for Canton, Soochow, for Swatow, Hai Ning, for Swatow, Hydrangea, for Swatow, Lyeemoon, for Saigon.

SHIPS IN WIRELESS COMMUNICATION

The list of ships that were expected to be in wireless communication with the Government day:

ADVERTISED SAILING FROM HONG KONG

(Continued from Page 14)

Nalders, P. & O., September 7.
Genoa Maru, N.Y.K., September 8.

Beauchamp, Gibb's, September 9.
City of Hereford, Bank Line, Sept. 9.
Conte Rosso, Lloyd Triestino, Sept. 9.

D'Araguan, Messageries, Sept. 10.
Hai Lee, Thoresen's, September 10.
Anhui, B. & S., September 11.

Anyo Maru, N.Y.K., September 11.
Panama, E.A. Co., September 12.
Sirdiana, B.L. (Apar), September 13.

Kashima Maru, N.Y.K., September 14.
Lyons Maru, N.Y.K., September 14.
Neckar, Melchers, September 14.

Soudan, P. & O., September 14.
Malacca Maru, N.Y.K., September 15.
Somerville, Bank Line, September 22.

Athos II, Messageries, September 24.
Scandinavian and Baltic Ports.
Laomedon, B. & S., August 28.

Sarpedon, B. & S., August 28.
Nagara, Gilman's, September 2.
Panama, E.A. Co., September 12.

Touraine, Thoresen's, September 23.
Sudan.
Kidderpore, P. & O., September 4.

Chenocaux, Messageries, August 28.
Saale, Melchers, August 28.
Kalori Maru, N.Y.K., August 31.

President Hayes, Dollar, August 31.
Glauco, B. & S., September 2.
Nagara, Gilman's, September 3.

Poedam, Melchers, September 3.
Conte Rosso, Lloyd Triestino, Sept. 9.
D'Araguan, Messageries, Sept. 10.

Kashima Maru, N.Y.K., September 14.
Lyons Maru, N.Y.K., September 14.
Pres. Johnson, Dollar, September 14.

Athos II, Messageries, September 24.
Nalders, P. & O., September 7.
Nagara, Gilman's, September 3.

Conte Rosso, Lloyd Triestino, Sept. 9.
United Kingdom and Continental City of Hereford, Bank Line, Sept. 9.
City of Bristol, Bank Line, Sept. 12.

Lyons Maru, N.Y.K., September 14.
Venice.
Conte Rosso, Lloyd Triestino, Sept. 9.

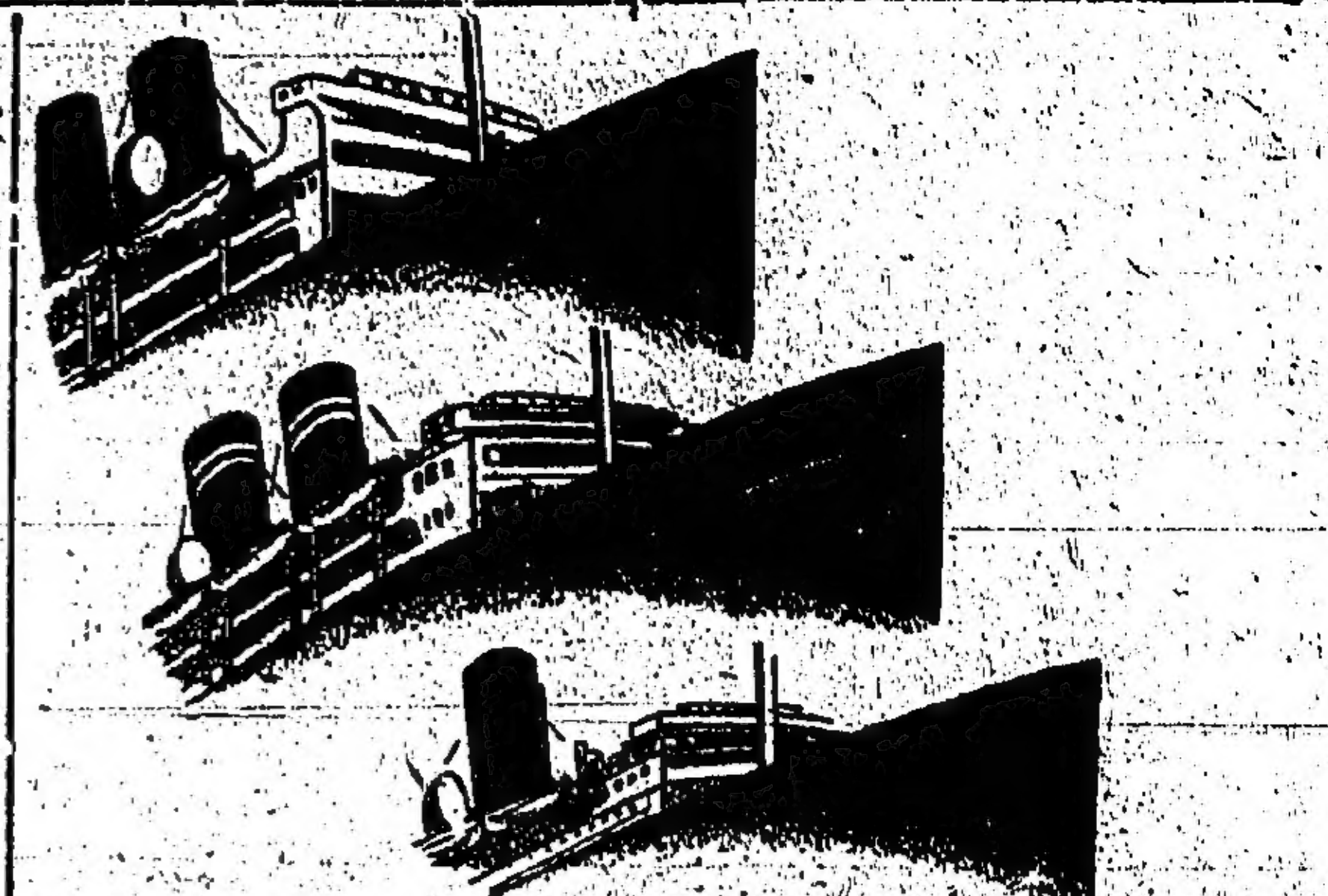
SHIPS IN HARBOUR
WHARVES
Kowloon—Van Heuts and President—Lincoln.

Douglas Laprak, Hai Tan, Saikong—Wing Wo, Chiu On—Hydrangea.

DOCKS
Kowloon—Fingal, Havdrot and Yat Shing.
Talkoo—H.M.S. Olympus, King Lee, Sei On, Glauco, Ninghai, G.G. Paul Doumer and Asama Maru.

BUOYS
No. A1—Sarpedon.
No. B2—Daviken.
No. B3—Klungchow.
No. B4—Helikon.
No. B5—Pronto.
No. B6—Bremerhaven.
No. B12—Canton.
No. B14—Mulnam.
No. B15—Kaying.
No. B16—Lyeemoon.
No. B17—Ardent.
No. B20—Newchwang.
No. B21—Soochow.
No. B22—Hui Sang.
No. B23—Shun Fong.
No. B25—Ronsan Maru.
No. C1—Hai Wah.
No. C2—Chung King.

Tokiwa Maru, Tango Maru, Klungchow, Kiangsu, Tellesas, Hakodate Maru, President Lincoln, Santos Maru, Empress of Japan, President Hoover, General Lee, Tatsuta Maru, Kongo Maru and Hakone Maru.



P.O. BRITISH INDIA-APCAR AND EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN LINES

MAIL AND PASSENGER STEAMERS

TAKING CARGO FOR

Straits, Java, Burma, Ceylon, India, Persian Gulf, West Indies, Mauritius, East and South Africa, Queensland Ports and Red Sea, Egypt, Constantinople, Greece, Levantine Ports, Europe.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL FORTNIGHTLY

DIRECT ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS

under contract with H.M. Government

Steamship	Tons	From Hongkong (About)	Destination
-----------	------	-----------------------	-------------

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL SAILINGS

Steamship	Tons	From Hongkong (About)	Destination
*BEHAR	5,000	31st Aug.	Bombay, Marseilles, Havre, London, Hamburg, Rotterdam, Antwerp & Hull.
*KIDDERPORE	5,070	4th Sept.	Straits and Bombay.
NALDERA	15,000	7th Sept.	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
*SOUDAN	7,000	14th Sept.	Marseilles, Havre, London, Hamburg, Rotterdam, Antwerp & Hull.
RANPURA	17,000	31st Sept.	Marseilles & London.
RAJPUTANA	17,000	5th Oct.	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
*BURDWAN	8,000	12th Oct.	Bombay, Marseilles, Havre, London, Hamburg, Rotterdam, Antwerp & Hull.
ORHITAL	16,000	19th Oct.	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
UATHAY	16,000	2nd Nov.	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
*SOMALI	7,000	9th Nov.	Marseilles, Havre, London, Hamburg, Rotterdam, Antwerp & Hull.

* Cargo only. † Calls Casablanca. ‡ Calls Port Sudan.
Frequent connection from Port Said for Passengers and Cargo to Constantinople, Frazon, Symrna, and other Levant Ports by steamers of the Khedivial Mail Steamship Co.

BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS

Steamship	Tons	From Hongkong (About)	Destination
TALMA	10,000	30th Aug.	Singapore, Penang, Rangoon, Calcutta.
SIRHANNA	8,000	13th Sept.	
TAKADA	7,000	27th Sept.	
TILWA	10,000	11th Oct.	
SANTHA	8,000	25th Oct.	

* Calls Port Swettenham.
lands of Sunshine and Romance. "Down Under" you will feel a new being and even if you are not inclined towards Baring, Flinders, Shackleton or Mountaineering you will find that the Antipodes have plenty to offer you—sunshine, sea, and a new world.

On the way down your life aboard will be as you wish, quiet or hectic for the E. & A. will honour your every wish.
And by the way, there is no additional charge for Deck Cabins and there is of course a Sea Deck Swimming pool, an Orchestra and a fine Laundry.

A Surgeon and Stewardess are at your disposal and last but not least—we had almost forgotten—the online will set you listening eagerly for the Gong.
Regular monthly sailings from Hong Kong to Shanghai and Japan and Hong Kong to Australia.

Hong Kong to Sydney—10 days.
Frequent connections from Australia with the following:—
The Union S.S. Co.'s Steamers to the United Kingdom via New Zealand, Vancouver, San Francisco, etc.

The P. & O. Royal Mail Steamers to London and
The P. & O. Branch Service of Steamers to London via Suez.
The New Zealand Shipping Co.'s Steamers for Southampton and London via Panama Canal.

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS

Steamship	Tons	From Hongkong (About)	Destination
TANDA	7,000	31st Aug.	Manila, Rabeul, Brisbane.
KANKIN	7,000	4th Oct.	Fydney, Melbourne & Hobart.
BELLORE	7,000	2nd Nov.	

SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI & JAPAN

Steamship	Tons	From Hongkong (About)	Destination
*BURDWAN	8,000	4th Sept.	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama.
RAJPUTANA	17,000	5th Sept.	Shanghai & Japan.
NANKIN	7,000	11th Sept.	Shanghai & Japan.
TAKADA	7,000	5th Sept.	Amoy, Shanghai & Japan.

* Cargo only.
ALL DATES are approximate and subject to alteration without notice.
For further information, Passage, Freight, Handbooks, etc., apply to the Agents.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.

200 BUILDING, CONNAUGHT ROAD CENTRAL HONGKONG

SWEDISH EAST ASIATIC

SERVICE OF FAST MOTOR VESSELS (with limited, but exceptionally good passenger accommodation.)

HOME WARDS

DJIBOUTI, PORT SAID, TRIPOLI, MARSEILLES, ALGERIA, ORAN, CARABLANCA, ROTTERDAM (AMSTERDAM), HAMBURG, OHLA, GOTHENBURG and SWEDEN SCANDINAVIAN PORTS.
M.V. "NAGARA" ... 2nd Sept.
M.V. "CANTON" ... 3rd Oct.

OUTWARDS

TO SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA, KOBE AND OSAKA
M.V. "SHANTUNG" ... 18th Sept.
M.V. "NANKING" ... 31st Oct.

Agents: MACK

